

STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



BID PROPOSAL

CONTRACT T202606301

**PAVEMENT & REHABILITATION, SUSSEX I,
(US 13 NB & SB, DELMAR TO LAUREL), 2026**

Federal Aid No. NH-2026(01)
CFDA: 20.2205

Advertisement Date: July 15, 2026

INCLUDED IN THIS DOCUMENT:

BID PROPOSAL:

*GENERAL DESCRIPTION
PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS NOTES
GENERAL NOTICES
PREVAILING WAGES
SPECIAL PROVISIONS
STATEMENTS
QUANTITY SHEET SUMMARY*

ADDITIONAL BID PROPOSAL ITEMS:

ATTACHED OR POSTED DOCUMENTS:

*PROJECT PLANS
QUESTIONS & ANSWERS (if posted)
BREAKOUT SHEETS
BIDDERS LIST*

**PAPER BIDDERS CONTACT DELDOT
FOR BID SUBMITTAL DOCUMENTS:**

*DRUG TESTING AFFIDAVIT
CERTIFICATION FORM
BID BOND FORM
CD FOR BID PRICE ENTRY & PRINTING
BIDDERS LIST*

This Bid Proposal and related documents can be viewed on bids.delaware.gov and bidx.com/de/

Internet Bids for Bidders with Bid Express® accounts can be submitted at [BIDX.com/de](https://bidx.com/de/); **OR**;

Paper Bids with CD will be received in the Bidder's Room at the DelDOT Administration Building, Dover, DE;

ALL BIDS DUE PRIOR TO 2:00 P.M. Local Time, AUGUST 11, 2026

DIGITAL ACCESSIBILITY NOTICE

The Delaware Department of Transportation (DelDOT) is committed to ensuring that its digital services, content, and documents are accessible to all users and is actively working to comply with applicable federal and state accessibility requirements. DelDOT continues to make improvements over time, with current efforts focused on programs, applications, content, and documents that are actively in use and available to the public.

Due to the nature and complexity of certain materials, including construction plans, technical drawings, historical documents, maps, and other graphic-intensive files, some documents may not currently be fully digitally accessible or compliant with current accessibility standards. In some cases, these documents are provided for historical, reference, informational, or procurement purposes only.

If you require an accessible version of a document or need assistance accessing any content, please contact DelDOT, and reasonable efforts will be made to provide the information in an accessible format upon request. DelDOT appreciates your patience and understanding as accessibility improvements continue to be implemented.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

A. BIDS DUE: **AUGUST 11, 2026** **PRIOR TO 2:00 P.M. Local Time** – unless changed via Addendum.

BIDS MUST BE SUBMITTED VIA:

(a) **Internet** - Bidders with DelDOT Bid Express® accounts can submit bids at bidx.com/de/.

OR:

(b) **Paper Bid Delivered To:** Delaware Department of Transportation (DelDOT), Administration Building
North Entrance, Bidders Room, 800 Bay Road, Dover, DE 19901

For paper bids, contact DelDOT at dot-ask@delaware.gov or (302) 760-2031 to request a CD for bidding, required forms, and instructions. Bidders enter their Bid Item prices onto the supplied CD then print the form and deliver in a sealed envelope; the Bid Form, completed CD, and required documents prior to the Bid due date and time.

(CD's cannot be used to submit bids to bidx.com)

Do not submit both Internet and Paper Bids. If so, the Internet bid and documents will be rejected.

BID OPENING: Bids will be publicly opened and read aloud at the Date and Time of the Bid Opening. The Bid Opening will be held at the 'Paper Bid Delivered To' address shown above. Bidder bears the risk of late delivery, bids received after the stated time will be returned unopened.

Attendance is not required. DelDOT offers a call-in number to hear the Bid Opening telephonically. The telephone number to call is (302) 504-8986.

When prompted, enter Meeting number (access code): 651 529 280#

It is anticipated the telephone access information will remain the same for all Bid Openings.

B. PRE-BID MEETING: No

C. DBE GOAL: n/a% Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Goal.

Pursuant to the Interim Final Rule ("IFR") issued by the United States Department of Transportation ("U.S. DOT") on September 30, 2025, this letting does not have a DBE participation goal as all DelDOT DBEs were decertified by the IFR. DelDOT is undertaking the recertification process for DBEs pursuant to the IFR requirements. As DelDOT currently has no certified DBEs, it is not feasible to impose or enforce a DBE participation goal for this letting. Upon completion of DelDOT's DBE recertification process, or upon any modification of the IFR, whether through amendment, clarification, or judicial action, DelDOT reserves the right to revise or reestablish a DBE participation goal for this letting as may be directed by the U.S. DOT and in accordance with applicable federal regulations.

D. OJT TRAINEES: n/a

E. LOCATION: Sussex County

These improvements are more specifically shown on the Location Map(s) of the attached Plans.

F. DESCRIPTION: The improvements consist of furnishing all labor and materials for this contract which will consist of 2" milling, PCC patching, 2' type C overlay, guardrail and curb ramp upgrades, pavement markings, and an extension of the left turn lane from SB US 13 to SR 24. Follow other incidental construction in accordance with the location, notes and details shown on the plans, and as directed by the Engineer.

G. BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS APPLY – Build America, Buy America Act, refer to 'GENERAL NOTICES'.

H. COMPLETION TIME: All work on this contract must be complete within 300 Calendar Days.

Extensions of contract time due to weather are specified in the Standard Specifications Section 108.7F, weather days.

It is estimated a Notice to Proceed is issued such that work starts on or about October 19, 2026.

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- I. SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION,** DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, JANUARY 2026 apply to this Bid Proposal and Project. The Contractor shall make himself aware of any revisions and corrections and apply them to the applicable item(s) of this contract. The Standard Specifications can be viewed [here](#). Units of Measure can be found at 101.4.
- J. ATTACHMENTS:** Included as part of this Bid Proposal are; *Project Plans*; *Questions & Answers* (if posted); *Addenda*, *Referenced Documents*, *Documents Posted with this Bid Proposal*; and *Bid documents mailed to contractors*.
- K. ADDENDA:** All Addenda are posted on the internet at bids.delaware.gov, and bidx.com/de/ and are included as part of the Bid Proposal. The Bidder is responsible to check the Website as needed to ensure that the Bidder is aware of Addenda that are included in the Bid Proposal. If Addenda are issued, the final Addendum will be posted no later than the end of the day two business days prior to the bid date. Each Addendum number and issue date must be entered on the submitted Certification Form. This original Bid Proposal will not be updated, you must refer to each Addendum.
- L. QUESTIONS:** E-MAIL TO; dot-ask@delaware.gov
Questions regarding this project are to be e-mailed to the above address no less than **six business days** prior to the bid opening date in order to receive a posted response. Please include the Contract number in the subject line. Questions and responses are posted at bids.delaware.gov, and bidx.com/de/. The date of the final posted Questions and Answers document must be entered on the submitted Certification Form.
- M. ROAD USER COSTS:**

FAILURE TO OPEN PROJECT TO UNRESTRICTED HIGHWAY TRAFFIC ON TIME

Late Opening of Temporary Lane Closures

Interim Road User Costs (RUC) for delays in opening lanes will be assessed according to the below charts. Refer to the Allowable Lane Closure matrix in the Maintenance of Traffic (MOT) plans for start and end times of allowable lane closures.

Table 1

Northbound US13 (May 1st to September 30th)	
Contractor Penalties for Failure to Reopen Lanes	
Time All Lanes Reopened Compared to Allowable Lane Closure matrix ("Verizon Time")	Two Lane Closure
Within 14 minutes	\$87,500
Between 15 and 29 minutes	\$175,000
Between 30 and 44 minutes	\$262,500
Between 45 and 59 minutes	\$350,000
Between 60 and 74 minutes	\$493,750
Between 75 and 89 minutes	\$637,500
Between 90 and 104 minutes	\$781,250
Between 105 and 119 minutes	\$925,000
Between 120 and 134 minutes	\$1,106,250
Between 135 and 149 minutes	\$1,287,500
Between 150 and 164 minutes	\$1,468,750
Between 165 and 179 minutes	\$1,650,000
Between 180 and 194 minutes	\$1,868,750
Between 195 and 209 minutes	\$2,087,500
Between 210 and 224 minutes	\$2,306,250
Between 225 and 239 minutes	\$2,525,000
240 minutes or more	See Table Below

Number of Lanes Closed	Contractor Penalties for Failure to Reopen Lanes
Two Lane Closure	\$525,000 per 30 Minutes

The above will be assessed for up to a total of \$3,575,000 per day for two lanes closed.

Table 2

Northbound US13 (October 1st to August 30th)	
Contractor Penalties for Failure to Reopen Lanes	
Time All Lanes Reopened Compared to Allowable Lane Closure matrix ("Verizon Time")	Two Lane Closure
Within 14 minutes	\$87,500
Between 15 and 29 minutes	\$175,000
Between 30 and 44 minutes	\$262,500
Between 45 and 59 minutes	\$350,000
Between 60 and 74 minutes	\$456,250
Between 75 and 89 minutes	\$562,500
Between 90 and 104 minutes	\$668,750
Between 105 and 119 minutes	\$775,000
Between 120 and 134 minutes	\$906,250
Between 135 and 149 minutes	\$1,037,500
Between 150 and 164 minutes	\$1,168,750
Between 165 and 179 minutes	\$1,300,000
Between 180 and 194 minutes	\$1,443,750
Between 195 and 209 minutes	\$1,587,500
Between 210 and 224 minutes	\$1,731,250
Between 225 and 239 minutes	\$1,875,000
240 minutes or more	See Table Below

Number of Lanes Closed	Contractor Penalties for Failure to Reopen Lanes
Two Lane Closure	\$337,500 per 30 Minutes

The above will be assessed for up to a total of \$2,550,000 per day for two lanes closed.

Table 3

Southbound US13 (May 1st to September 30th)	
Contractor Penalties for Failure to Reopen Lanes	
Time All Lanes Reopened Compared to Allowable Lane Closure matrix ("Verizon Time")	Two Lane Closure
Within 14 minutes	\$50,000
Between 15 and 29 minutes	\$100,000
Between 30 and 44 minutes	\$150,000

Between 45 and 59 minutes	\$200,000
Between 60 and 74 minutes	\$281,250
Between 75 and 89 minutes	\$362,500
Between 90 and 104 minutes	\$443,750
Between 105 and 119 minutes	\$525,000
Between 120 and 134 minutes	\$662,500
Between 135 and 149 minutes	\$800,000
Between 150 and 164 minutes	\$937,500
Between 165 and 179 minutes	\$1,075,000
Between 180 and 194 minutes	\$1,281,250
Between 195 and 209 minutes	\$1,487,500
Between 210 and 224 minutes	\$1,693,750
Between 225 and 239 minutes	\$1,900,000
240 minutes or more	See Table Below

Number of Lanes Closed	Contractor Penalties for Failure to Reopen Lanes
Two Lane Closure	\$625,000 per 30 Minutes

The above will be assessed for up to a total of \$3,150,000 per day for two lanes closed.

Table 4

Southbound US13 (October 1st to April 30th)	
Contractor Penalties for Failure to Reopen Lanes	
Time All Lanes Reopened Compared to Allowable Lane Closure matrix ("Verizon Time")	Two Lane Closure
Within 14 minutes	\$68,750
Between 15 and 29 minutes	\$137,500
Between 30 and 44 minutes	\$206,250
Between 45 and 59 minutes	\$275,000
Between 60 and 74 minutes	\$350,000
Between 75 and 89 minutes	\$425,000
Between 90 and 104 minutes	\$500,000
Between 105 and 119 minutes	\$575,000
Between 120 and 134 minutes	\$662,500
Between 135 and 149 minutes	\$750,000
Between 150 and 164 minutes	\$837,500
Between 165 and 179 minutes	\$925,000
Between 180 and 194 minutes	\$1,087,500
Between 195 and 209 minutes	\$1,250,000
Between 210 and 224 minutes	\$1,412,500
Between 225 and 239 minutes	\$1,575,000
240 minutes or more	See Table Below

Number of Lanes Closed	Contractor Penalties for Failure to Reopen Lanes
Two Lane Closure	\$575,000 per 30 Minutes

The above will be assessed for up to a total of \$2,725,000 per day for two lanes closed.

Examples of calculations for assessment of Road User Cost:

- 1) Failure to reopen all lanes on US 13 northbound until 8:35 AM on a Thursday in June, local time:

Per the Allowable Lane Closure matrix for Northbound US 13 between May 1st and September 30th, no travel lane closure on US 13 northbound allowed after 7:00 AM. The time all lanes were opened is 95 minutes after the Allowable Lane Closure schedule.

Per Table 1 a RUC of \$781,250.00 will be assessed.

- 2) Failure to reopen all lanes on US 13 southbound until 12:15 PM on a Thursday in January, local time:

Per the Allowable Lane Closure matrix for Southbound US 13 between October 1st and April 30th, no travel lane closure on SR 1 southbound allowed after 8:00 AM. The time all lanes were opened is 255 minutes after the Allowable Lane Closure schedule.

Per Table 4:

8:00 AM through 11:59 AM	=	\$1,575,000.00;
12:00 PM through 12:29 PM	=	\$575,000.00;

A RUC of \$2,150,000.00 will be assessed.

N. FLAGGERS:

- A. Included in the Bid Proposal are the prevailing wages for highway construction as determined by the Department of Labor of the State of Delaware in accordance with [Title 29 Del. C. §6960](#), relating to wages and the regulations implementing that Section.
- B. Flaggers must be bid at a minimum equal to the Laborer wage rate and may be bid up to, but not to exceed, 3 times the Laborer wage rate in accordance with the County where the Work is being performed.
- C. The Department will adjust the bid to the minimum for prices bid below the minimum acceptable bid and to the maximum for prices bid above the maximum allowable bid prior to award of the Contract.
 1. Flagger overtime must be bid at minimum of 1.45 times and may be bid up to a maximum of 4.35 times, the Laborer wage rate in accordance with the County where the Work is being performed.
 2. When a Contract for a Project contains both Federal Davis-Bacon and State of Delaware prevailing wage standards, the employer's minimum wage obligations are determined by whichever standards are higher.
- D. Overtime:
 1. Payment for overtime will be considered on a weekly basis for time worked in excess of 40 hours for a continuous 7-day period beginning Monday and ending Sunday inclusive.
 2. Time worked on other Projects or Work activities other than flagging will not be counted in the normal 40 hours or the overtime.
- E. The cost of the flagging operation when performed by others who are not the Contractor's employees will not be included in the 50% subcontracting limit as outlined in Section 108.1.

O. PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS NOTES:

1. **BIDDERS MUST BE REGISTERED** with DelDOT in order to submit a bid. Registrations are now completed online through SimpliGov. To complete registration or for more information, click [here](#).
2. **SURETY BOND** - Each proposal must be accompanied by a deposit of either surety bond or security for a sum equal to at least 10% of the amount bid.

3. **DELAWARE'S CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION ACT** - 19 Del.C. §§ 3601 *et seq.*, requires all contractors and subcontractors to register with the Delaware Department of Labor before performing construction services or maintenance. Refer to the GENERAL NOTICES section for further information.
4. **DRUG TESTING** - Regulation 4104; The state Office of Management and Budget has developed regulations that require Contractors and Subcontractors to implement a program of mandatory drug testing for Employees who work on Large Public Works Contracts funded all or in part with public funds pursuant to 29 Del.C. §6908(a)(6). **Refer to the full requirements at the following link:**
<https://regulations.delaware.gov/AdminCode/title19/4000/4100/4104.shtml#TopOfPage>
Note a few of the requirements;
 - * At bid submission - Each bidder must submit with the bid a single signed affidavit certifying that the bidder and its subcontractors has in place or will implement during the entire term of the contract a Mandatory Drug Testing Program that complies with the regulation (*a blank affidavit form is attached*);
 - * At least two business days prior to contract execution - The awarded Contractor shall provide to DelDOT copies of the Employee Drug Testing Program for the Contractor, each participating DBE firm, and all other listed Subcontractors;
 - * Subcontractors - Contractors that employ Subcontractors on the job site may do so only after submitting a copy of the Subcontractor's Employee Drug Testing Program along with the standard required subcontractor information. A Subcontractor shall not commence work until **DelDOT** has approved the program in writing.
5. **PERFORMANCE-BASED RATING SYSTEM** - 29 Del.C. §6962 (c)(12)(a) requires DelDOT to include a performance-based rating system for contractors. The Performance Rating for each Contractor shall be used as a prequalification to bid at the time of bid. Refer to '*General Notices*' for details.
6. **NO RETAINAGE** will be withheld on this contract unless through the Performance-Based Rating System.
7. **EXTERNAL COMPLAINT PROCEDURE** can be viewed on DelDOT's Website, [Contractor Compliance/EEO - Delaware Department of Transportation](#) calling (302) 760-2035

REVISED

8. **DBE PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS** As a result of the Issuance of the IFR on September 30, 2025, all of DelDOT DBEs were decertified. DelDOT is undertaking the recertification process for DBEs pursuant to the IFR requirements. As DelDOT currently has no certified DBEs, it is not feasible to require the submission of a DelDOT DBE Project Participation Affidavit for this letting. Companies bidding on this letting are NOT required to submit a DBE Project Participation Affidavit with their bid. Once DelDOT has recertified DBEs using the IFR requirements, this requirement will be reinstated.

REVISED

9. **DelDOT CERTIFIED DBE UTILIZATION COMMITMENT STATEMENT** As a result of the Issuance of the IFR on September 30, 2025, all DelDOT DBEs were decertified. DelDOT is undertaking the recertification process for DBEs pursuant to the IFR requirements. As DelDOT currently has no certified DBEs, it is not feasible to require the submission of a DelDOT Certified DBE Utilization Commitment Statement for this letting. Companies bidding on this letting are NOT required to submit a DelDOT Certified DBE Utilization Commitment Statement with their bid. Once DelDOT has recertified DBEs using the IFR requirements, this requirement will be reinstated.
10. **FLATWORK CONCRETE TECHNICIAN CERTIFICATION TRAINING:**
Section 501.3, 503.3, 505.3, 610.3, 701.3 and 702.3 of the 2026 Standard Specifications require contractors to provide an American Concrete Institute (ACI) or National Ready-Mix Concrete Association (NRMCA) certified concrete flatwork technician to supervise all finishing of flatwork concrete.

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11. **BREAKOUT SHEETS** MUST be submitted with your bid documents. Attach the breakout sheet(s) to the proposal. Failure to submit the breakout sheet with the proposal will result in the Department declaring the proposal as non-responsive and rejecting the bid.

12. NOTE that FHWA Form 1273 (attached) has been modified effective October 23, 2023. Changes are [reviewed here](#).

13. **SIGNAGE LANGUAGE:**

In order to maintain effective communication with the traveling public, only place signs, banners, flags, or other displays within the projects limits that meet the requirements of the latest version of the Delaware Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices. Any signs or other materials which deviate from the MUTCD, must be preapproved by the Engineer. The only signage and materials which may be displayed upon vehicles and equipment within the Project area are signs denoting the name of the Contractor and any subcontractors and other signs and/or materials required and approved pursuant to the MUTCD and the Engineer. Contractor shall immediately remove any signs or materials within the Project that does not meet these requirements immediately upon notification by the Engineer. Failure to remove signs or other materials following notification from the Engineer will result in Liquidated Damages being assessed in the manner and amount specified in the Standard Specifications section 108.9.A.

REVISED

14. **Bidders List Requirement:**

Under [49 CFR 26.11](#) DelDOT must collect bidders list information from **ALL** contractors and subcontractors who seek to work on federally assisted contracts. The submitted information must be complete and must include the required information for the prime and all (DBE and non-DBE) subcontractors, service providers, manufacturers, distributors, and suppliers.

ALL bidders must complete the [Bidders List Form](#) (attached as an exhibit) and submit it at the time of bid. Late submission of this information will not be accepted. Submitted information must include the following for those being proposed to work on the contract if awarded:

- Firm name;
- Firm address including ZIP code;
- Firm's status as a DBE or non-DBE (SEE NOTE BELOW effective 10-1-2025);
- NAICS code applicable to each scope of work the firm sought to perform in its bid;
- Age of the firm; and
- The annual gross receipts of the firm shown as an approximate range (i.e., \$1-3 million)

This information will be maintained as confidential to the extent allowable by federal and state law.

NOTE: Based upon the IFR issued September 30, 2025, all DelDOT certified DBEs have been decertified. As such, for this letting, bidders should NOT identify in the bidders list whether a proposed contractor or subcontractor is a DBE as no companies have currently been certified as a DBE under the new IFR requirements. That block should be left blank. Bidders will be advised once DBE's have been re-certified pursuant to the requirements of the IFR at which time bidders will be required to provide this information.

Additionally, pursuant to the IFR, and the guidance letter issued by U.S. DOT on September 30, 2025, DelDOT has been directed not to use race or sex as presumptions for consideration of a company as a DBE. As such, bidders should NOT identify in the bidders list a proposed contractor or subcontractor's sex or race. Those blocks should be left blank. DelDOT anticipates providing a revised Bidders List Form in the near future, which contains only those sections required by the IFR.

Failure to submit the required bidders list documentation at the time bid will result in the bidder being deemed non-responsive and therefore ineligible for award of the contract.

15. **DIESEL FUEL COST PRICE ADJUSTMENT FORM** is posted and part of this Bid Proposal.

16. REVISED SPEC LANGUAGE:

The Revised Inspection Framework – January 2026 ([2026 Inspection Framework](#)) shall apply to this contract.

Delete from Section 101.3

Primary inspection. The inspection (formerly referred to as Final Inspection) conducted by the engineer to determine if the contractor has satisfactorily completed the project, or a portion of the project, in accordance with the contract.

Insert within Section 101.3

Acceptance Inspection. The inspection (formerly referred to as Primary Inspection) conducted by the Administering Section, contractor, and accepting section confirming that primary inspection punch list items have been addressed.

Primary inspection. The inspection (formerly referred to as initial inspection) conducted by the Department to review all contract work has been completed in accordance with the Plans, Standard Specifications, Special Provisions, and Standard Construction Details. The inspection is confirmation of the work completed per the contract documents.

Project Acceptance. The Department's notification to the Contractor that the time charges will cease, and construction activities are completed, releasing the contractor from liability and repairs or maintenance to the completed work.

Revise Section 104.12.A as follows.

- A. Before **acceptance** inspection, clean rubbish, excess materials, temporary structures, and equipment from the project, from any publicly owned borrow source used to complete the work, and from areas affected by the contractor in connection with the work within the right-of-way. Cut all grass and weeds taller than 6-inches. The cost of the final cleanup is incidental to Item 763000, **Initial Expense, De-Mobilization**.

Revise Section 105.4.F as follows.

- F. Submit copies of manufacturer's catalog cuts, drawings, wiring diagrams, and other relevant documents with working drawings for electrical and mechanical equipment. After the Department has reviewed all items of a particular system, prepare an instruction book for the particular system. Fasten and bind the items listed below in a leather or heavy plastic cover book with a title clearly shown. Provide five copies of the book to the engineer before **acceptance** inspection. Make the books available when connecting and energizing electrical and mechanical systems. Ensure that the final bound copies reflect changes or adjustments made during the work. Include the following in the instruction book:
 1. An equipment list.
 2. A complete description of the equipment.
 3. The sequence of operation including inter-locking and protective features.
 4. The use of by-pass switches.
 5. A detailed description of all wiring circuits.
 6. A recommended spare parts list.
 7. Renewal parts bulletins.
 8. Instruction bulletins for the provided equipment.
 9. Diagrams and drawings of reduced size suitable for binding.
 10. An index listing all items.

Revise Section 105.13.D as follows.

- D. Include the cost of maintenance work during construction and before completion of the **acceptance** inspection punch list in the proposal. The Department will pay the cost of maintenance work occurring after completion of the **acceptance** inspection punch list.

Revise Section 105.14.A as follows.

- A. The engineer may order opening of certain sections of the work to traffic or other use before the contractor completes the work or before the engineer accepts the work. The Department will not consider opening sections of the work as constituting acceptance of the work or a waiver of any contract provisions. The engineer will pay the cost of repairing damage to the work caused by opening work to vehicular traffic unless opening the

roadway is due to the fault, or inactivity of, the contractor or the contractor caused the damage. All other maintenance costs including, but not limited to, mowing grass and general cleanup are the contractor's responsibility until completion of the acceptance inspection punch list to the Department's satisfaction. Maintenance costs for work involving landscaping and vegetative growth are the contractor's responsibility until final acceptance.

Revise Section 105.16 as follows.

A. Partial Acceptance.

1. The decision to partially accept a portion of the project is solely at the discretion of the engineer. The engineer may partially accept portions of the work. The Department will not consider partial acceptance as constituting acceptance of the work that has not been partially accepted or a waiver of any contract provisions. The Department will maintain the partially accepted portion of the project, including repairing damage caused by the public.

B. Project Acceptance

1. The Department will cease counting contract time when the project reaches substantial completion as defined in Section 101.3, Definitions.
2. Substantial Completion Verification
 - a. Upon receiving the contractor's notice of substantial completion of the project, the Department will verify all contract items are complete as defined in Section 101.3, Definitions. Items not deemed complete shall be completed by contractor prior to Department issuance of Substantial Completion.
 - b. After issuance of Substantial Completion, request Primary Inspection from the Department.
 - c. The Department will schedule the Primary Inspection within 30 calendar days of the request.
3. Primary Inspection
 - a. The Department/Administering Section will conduct a Primary Inspection with the completion of 105.16.2 Substantial Completion Verification. The Administering Section will note and provide a written punch list by stations and in detail identifying work or conditions requiring correction. The punch list will include ADA inspection deficiencies.
 - b. Perform the corrective work noted on the punch list within 30 calendar days upon receipt of the punch list created by the Administering Section, unless the parties mutually agree to extend the time frame.
 - c. Upon completion of the primary inspection punch list, request an acceptance inspection from the Department. Prior to acceptance inspection scheduling, the Administering Section will confirm and annotate the primary inspection punch list and ensure ADA Inspection deficiencies have been addressed and documented.
 - d. The Administering Section will schedule Acceptance inspection with the Maintenance District within 30 days of confirmation of primary punch list item completion.
4. Acceptance (formerly primary) Inspection.
 - a. The Department will conduct an acceptance inspection with the completion of 105.16.B.3, primary inspection. The Administering Section will provide a written punch list identifying deficiencies not satisfactorily addressed from the primary inspection punch list within 7 calendar days of the acceptance inspection.
 - b. Perform the corrective work noted on the punch list within 15 calendar days upon receipt of the punch list created by the Administering Section, unless the parties mutually agree to extend the time frame.
 - c. The Administering Section will verify remediation work and will provide a list with dates that remedial activities were resolved to the Maintenance District when requesting Project Acceptance.

C. Project Acceptance

1. The Administering Section will notify the Maintenance District that acceptance inspection punch list items have been addressed.
2. The Maintenance District and/or other accepting entities will verify acceptance inspection punch list items have been addressed within 30 calendar days of notice from the Administering Section.

D. Final Acceptance

1. The engineer will provide final acceptance in writing that will state the acceptance date as defined in Section 101.3, Definitions.

E. Project Closeout

1. Upon final acceptance, provide the exempted documents, certificates, or proofs of compliance within 90 calendar days.

2. The Department will not issue the final payment until the contractor executes and delivers the required documents.

Revise Section 108.8.K as follows.

- K. Once the Department determines that the work is substantially complete, the Department will suspend time charges and the assessment of liquidated damages. Failure to complete all punch list work identified during the **primary and acceptance** inspections within the timeframes allotted, will result in the Department restarting liquidated damages in accordance with the chart specified in Section 108.9, Schedule of Liquidated Damages. The assessment of post-substantial-completion liquidated damages will continue until project completion.

Revise Section 610.3.9.A.2 as follows.

2. The engineer will measure the width, length, and depth of each crack and establish the precise location of the crack termination points relative to permanent reference points on the member. The engineer will monitor and document the growth of individual cracks at an inspection interval the engineer will choose to determine if cracks are active or dormant after **acceptance** inspection.

Revise Section 722.3.2.A as follows.

- A. Provide on-site field instruction by the system manufacturer, at a location determined by the engineer. Provide a minimum of 2 training sessions consisting of installation training before beginning cable barrier construction and maintenance training before **acceptance** inspection. The manufacturer shall establish the training duration and shall provide field training on all aspects of the system. Coordinate the training schedule and location with the engineer. The engineer will advise the appropriate department staff, including construction inspectors and maintenance personnel regarding the training location and schedule. Provide all training materials in both hard copy and electronic PDF format.

Revise Section 722.3.2.C.1 as follows.

1. Hold the maintenance training a minimum of 7 calendar days before **acceptance** inspection of the system. Submit the proposed training date to the engineer a minimum of 14 calendar days prior to the training session date for review and approval. Include the following participants:
 - a. District Maintenance Engineer, or designated representative;
 - b. District Maintenance Superintendent, or designated representative;
 - c. Area Yard Supervisor, or designated representative; and
 - d. District maintenance personnel.

Revise Section 722.3.3.L as follows.

- L. Within 10 calendar days of the **primary** inspection, supply spare parts for the HTCB system. Deliver the parts to the DelDOT maintenance facility as directed by the engineer. Provide an extra supply of the following:
 1. Socketed-type line posts, including post hardware, caps, reflective sheeting, straps, spacers, and socket covers. Include 200 posts and accessories.
 2. Rigging screws and threaded terminals. Provide enough materials to complete 8 turnbuckle assemblies.
 3. Anchor posts including post hardware and caps, reflective sheeting, straps, fittings, spacers, and socket covers. Provide enough materials to complete 3 end anchor installations.
 4. Fitting gaskets or socket covers. Provide 100 socket covers.

Revise Section 843.3.5.C as follows.

- C. Repair defects identified by the Department during **periodic or primary** inspections in accordance with this specification, including all highway lighting systems and components within the project limits. Begin highway lighting system repairs immediately following notice of the lighting system defect unless weather limitations prevent the corrective work. Provide notification to the Department before beginning corrective work.

Revise Section 843.3.5.D as follows.

- D. The Department will not consider the highway lighting system as substantially complete until correction of the deficiencies noted during the primary and **acceptance** inspections. Provide a maintenance bond for item 843001 – Electrical Testing upon substantial completion. Provide a maintenance bond meeting the following requirements:

1. A bond sum equal to 100 percent of the value of all highway lighting system items the Department paid to the contractor;
2. With original signatures, in ink, and not mechanical reproductions or facsimiles of any kind, naming the contractor as the principle;
3. term of 1-year beyond the completion of the highway lighting system work; and
4. written by a surety or insurance company licensed to write surety bonds in the State of Delaware by the Delaware Department of Insurance.

Revise 911.3.6.G as follows.

- G. Water bi-weekly during the period June 15 through October 1. Continue watering, without interruption, until completing watering of all the plants on the project. Use water in accordance with Section 911.2.9. The Department will allow use of tree watering bags as a part of the watering operation. Remove the tree watering bags before **acceptance** inspection.

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GENERAL NOTICES**CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION ACT**

On July 1, 2021, the Contractor Registration Act, as codified in 19 Del.C. §§ 3601 *et seq*, took effect. This law requires all contractors to register with the Delaware Department of Labor before performing construction services or maintenance. The Contractor Registration Act applies to all contractors that engage in construction and maintenance within the State of Delaware. Additionally, it requires contractors to have Delaware workers' compensation insurance where required, compliance with labor laws, and proof of a state business license. The Delaware Department of Labor's Office of Contractor Registration is responsible for enforcement of the requirements of the Contractor Registration Act. If you have any questions about the contractor registration process, please call 302-430-7739 or email Contract.Registry@delaware.gov. Registration at <https://onestop.delaware.gov/>.

BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENT**REVISED**

The Build America, Buy America Act (BABA), enacted as part of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) requires iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials used in infrastructure projects funded by Federal financial assistance to be produced in the United States (U.S.).

In accordance with 23 U.S.C. 313 and 23 CFR 635.410, all iron and steel materials permanently incorporated into this project will be produced in the U.S. and all manufacturing processes involving these materials will occur in the U.S., except that a minimal amount of foreign steel or iron materials may be used, provided the cost of the foreign materials does not exceed 0.1 percent of the total Contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater. If such minimal amount of foreign steel is used, the Contractor shall maintain a record of the costs to ensure that the allowable limit is not exceeded.

In accordance with 23 CFR 635.410, the final manufacturing process of all manufactured products that will be permanently incorporated into this project will be performed in the U.S. Iron or steel components of precast concrete products and cabinets or enclosures of any intelligent transportation systems and other electronic hardware systems classified as a manufactured product which is permanently incorporated into this project will be produced in the U.S. and all manufacturing processes involving the iron and steel will occur in the U.S., except that a minimal amount of foreign steel or iron materials may be used, provided the cost of the foreign materials does not exceed 0.1 percent of the total Contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater. If such minimal amount of foreign steel is used, the Contractor shall maintain a record of the costs to ensure that the allowable limit is not exceeded.

In accordance with 2 CFR 184, all non-ferrous metals, plastic and polymer-based products, glass, fiber optic cable, optical fiber, lumber, drywall, and engineered wood construction material permanently incorporated into this project will be produced in the U.S.

DelDOT maintains a list of all pay items, the applicable BABA category designation, and additional guidance at the following address: <https://deldot.gov/Business/prodlists/index.shtml?dc=buyAmerica>.

By signing and submitting this proposal, the bidder certifies that:

"All materials that will be permanently incorporated into this project will meet the Buy America material requirements. At the Department's request, I/we will provide manufacturer's/supplier's documentation verifying domestic origin as defined in the Contract. All Materials accepted on the basis of such Certificate of Compliance may be sampled by the Department and tested at any time. Use of Material on the basis of Certificate of Compliance shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for incorporating Material in the Project conforming to the requirements of the Contract. Any Material not conforming to such requirements will be subject to rejection whether in place or not. The Department reserves the right to refuse to permit the use of Material on the basis of Certificate of Compliance."

SPECIFICATIONS :

The Delaware specifications entitled "*Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction January, 2026*", with the applicable version defined in the 'GENERAL DESCRIPTION' and hereinafter referred to as the *Standard Specifications*; shall govern the work to be performed under this contract. The Contractor shall make itself aware of these specifications, revisions and corrections, and apply them to the applicable item(s) of this contract.

CLARIFICATIONS :

Under any Section or Item included in the Contract, the Contractor shall be aware that when requirements, responsibilities, and furnishing of materials are outlined in the details and notes on the Plans and in the paragraphs preceding the "Basis of Payment" paragraph in the Standard Specifications or Special Provisions, no interpretation shall be made that such stipulations are excluded because reiteration is not made in the "Basis of Payment" paragraph.

DelDOT requires the use of various electronic applications for various documentation processes.

These processes will be identified, and the Contractor's required use will be detailed during the Preconstruction Meeting. No additional payments will be made to the contractor to use or interface with the applications.

ATTESTING TO NON-COLLUSION :

DelDOT requires as a condition precedent to acceptance of bids a sworn statement executed by, or on behalf of, the person, firm, association, or corporation to whom such contract is to be awarded, certifying that such person, firm, association, or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with such contract. The form for this sworn statement is included in the proposal and must be properly executed in order to have the bid considered.

QUANTITIES :

The quantities shown are for comparison of bids only. DelDOT may increase or decrease any quantity or quantities without penalty or change in the bid price.

PERFORMANCE-BASED RATING SYSTEM

29 Del.C. §6962 (c)(12)(a) requires a DelDOT project, excluding a municipal street aid contract, to include a performance-based rating system. At the time of bid, the Performance Rating for each Contractor shall be used as a prequalification to bid.

Bidders with Performance Rating scores equal to or greater than 85% shall be permitted to bid. Bidders with scores of less than 85% who comply with the retainage requirements of 29 Del.C. §6962 shall be permitted to bid provided the *Agreement to Accept Retainage* (located on the Certification Page) is executed and submitted with the bid. Lack of an executed *Agreement to Accept Retainage* will result in the rejection of the bid by DelDOT. Successful bidders awarded DelDOT contracts who have no performance history within the last five (5) years will be assigned a provisional Performance Rating of 85% at the date of advertisement.

Notification of Performance Rating. DelDOT shall post publicly the Performance Rating for all Contractors on DelDOT's [website](#). DelDOT will complete performance-based evaluations on the construction company contracted by DelDOT to build the project (the "Contractor"). Provisions to appeal Performance Ratings are described in the regulations. The regulations are set forth in Section 2408 of Title 2, Delaware Administrative Code, found [here](#).

EQUALITY OF EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY ON PUBLIC WORKS :

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6962, Paragraph (d), Subsection (7) states;

- a. As a condition of the awarding of any contract for public works financed in whole or in part by State appropriation, such contracts shall include the following provisions:

During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

1. The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin. The contractor will take positive steps to ensure that applicants are employed and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or

termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment notices to be provided by the contracting agency setting forth this nondiscrimination clause.

2. The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin.
3. The contractor will ensure employees receive equal pay for equal work, without regard to sex. Employee pay differential is acceptable if pursuant to a seniority system, a merit system, a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, or if the differential is based on any other factor other than sex.

TAX CLEARANCE :

As payments to each vendor or contractor aggregate \$2,000, the Division of Accounting will report such vendor or contractor to the Division of Revenue, who will then check the vendor or contractor's compliance with tax requirements and take such further action as may be necessary to ensure compliance.

LICENSE :

A person desiring to engage in business in this State as a contractor on a project designated to include federal funds, shall obtain a Delaware business license upon making application to the Division of Revenue. Proof of said license compliance to be made prior to, or in conjunction with, the execution of a contract to which he has been named.

SUBCONTRACTOR LICENSE: 29 DEL. C. §6967:

- (c) Any contractor that enters a public works contract must provide to the agency to which it is contracting, within 30 days of entering such public works contract, copies of all occupational and business licenses of subcontractors and/or independent contractors that will perform work for such public works contract. However, if a subcontractor or independent contractor is hired or contracted more than 20 days after the contractor entered the public works contract the occupational or business license of such subcontractor or independent contractor shall be provided to the agency within 10 days of being contracted or hired.

DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS:

SUSPENSIONS OF WORK and SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE CHARACTER OF WORK:

Differing site conditions: During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent physical conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the contract or if unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the work provided for in the contract are encountered at the site, the party discovering such conditions shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.

Upon written notification, the engineer will investigate the conditions, and if he/she determines that the conditions materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost or time required for the performance of any work under the contract, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made and the contract modified in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment which results in a benefit to the contractor will be allowed unless the contractor has provided the required written notice. No contract adjustment will be allowed under their clause for any effects caused on unchanged work.

Suspensions of work ordered by the engineer: If the performance of all or any portion of the work is suspended or delayed by the engineer in writing for an unreasonable period of time (not originally anticipated, customary or inherent to the construction industry) and the contractor believes that additional compensation and/or contract time is due as a result of

such suspension or delay, the contractor shall submit to the engineer in writing a request for adjustment within 7 calendar days of receipt of the notice to resume work. The request shall set forth the reasons and support for such adjustment.

Upon receipt, the engineer will evaluate the contractor's request. If the engineer agrees that the cost and/or time required for the performance of the contract has increased as a result of such suspension and the suspension was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the contractor, its suppliers, or subcontractors at any approved tier, and not caused by weather, the engineer will make an adjustment (excluding profit) and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The engineer will notify the contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.

No contract adjustment will be allowed unless the contractor has submitted the request for adjustment within the time prescribed. No contract adjustment will be allowed under this clause to the extent that performance would have been suspended or delayed by any other cause, or for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.

Significant changes in the character of work: The engineer reserves the right to make, in writing, at any time during the work, such changes in quantities and such alterations in the work as are necessary to satisfactorily complete the project. Such changes in quantities and alterations shall not invalidate the contract nor release the surety, and the contractor agrees to perform the work as altered.

If the alterations or changes in quantities significantly change the character of the work under the contract, whether or not changed by any such different quantities or alterations, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made to the contract. The basis for the adjustment shall be agreed upon prior to the performance of the work. If a basis cannot be agreed upon, then an adjustment will be made either for or against the contractor in such amount as the engineer may determine to be fair and equitable.

The term "significant change" shall be construed to apply only to the following circumstances:

- (A) When the character of the work as altered differs materially in kind or nature from that involved or included in the original proposed construction, or
- (B) When a major item of work, as defined elsewhere in the contract, is increased in excess of 125 percent or decreased below 75 percent of the original contract quantity. Any allowance for an increase in quantity shall apply only to that portion in excess of 125 percent of original contract item quantity, or in case of a decrease below 75 percent, to the actual amount of work performed.

CONFLICT WITH FEDERAL STATUTES OR REGULATIONS:

Delaware Code, Title 29, Chapter 69, Section 6904, Paragraph (a):

"If any provision of this subchapter conflicts or is inconsistent with any statute, rule or regulation of the federal government applicable to a project or activity, the cost of which is to be paid or reimbursed in whole or in part by the federal government, and due to such conflict or inconsistency the availability of federal funds may be jeopardized, such provision shall not apply to such project or activity."

FEDERAL LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS

Federal Regulation 23 CFR § 635.117(b) Labor and employment, states:

"No procedures or requirement shall be imposed by any State which will operate to discriminate against the employment of labor from any other State, possession or territory of the United States, in the construction of a Federal-aid project."

CONVICT PRODUCED MATERIALS:

(a) Materials produced after July 1, 1991, by convict labor may only be incorporated in a Federal-aid highway construction project if such materials have been:

- (1) Produced by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation from a prison or

(2) Produced in a qualified prison facility and the cumulative annual production amount of such materials for use in Federal-aid highway construction does not exceed the amount of such materials produced in such facility for use in Federal-aid highway construction during the 12-month period ending July 1, 1987.

(b) Qualified prison facility means any prison facility in which convicts, during the 12-month period ending July 1, 1987, produced materials for use in Federal-aid highway construction projects.

RIGHT TO AUDIT

DelDOT shall have the right to audit the books and records of the contractor or any subcontractor under this contract or subcontract to the extent that the books and records relate to the performance of the contract or subcontract. The books and records shall be maintained by the contractor for a period of 3 years from the date of final payment under the prime contract and by the subcontractor for a period of 3 years from the date of final payment under the subcontract (29 Del.C. §6930)

TO REPORT BID RIGGING ACTIVITIES:

The U. S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the below toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

TO REPORT BID RIGGING ACTIVITIES
CALL 1-800-424-9071

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION
TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY
(EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Specifications" set forth herein.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate work force in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Goals for Minority Participation In
Each Trade

12.3% (New Castle County)
14.5% (Kent & Sussex Counties)

Goals for Female Participation In
Each Trade

6.9% (Entire State)

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and non-federally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the Executive Order and the regulations in CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order, and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address, and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.
4. As used in this Notice, and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is the County specified in the General Description section.

REV. 11-3-80

STANDARD FEDERAL EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

1. As used in these specifications:
 - a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this contract resulted;
 - b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, United States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
 - c. "Employer identification number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.
 - d. "Minority" includes:
 - i. Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);
 - ii. Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish Culture or origin, regardless of race);
 - iii. Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
 - iv. American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).
2. Whenever the Contractor, or any Subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice, which contains the applicable goals for DBE participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.
3. If the Contractor is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or Subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors or Subcontractors toward a goal in an approved plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or Subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7a through 7p of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. Covered Construction contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical area where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form, and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Program Office or from the Federal procurement contracting offices. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specified.
5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
6. In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:
- a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
 - b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.
 - c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source, or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefor, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
 - d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
 - e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under 7b above.
 - f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
 - g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foreman, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
 - h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
 - i. Direct its recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female, and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students, and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.
 - j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.
 - k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.

- l. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
 - m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
 - n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
 - o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontractors from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.
 - p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.
8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7a through p). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the Contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7a through p of these Specifications provided that the Contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work force participating, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.
 9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a specific minority group of women is under utilized).
 10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
 11. The Contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.
 12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations, by the Order of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.
 13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.8.
 14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment-related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the Government, and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours

worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.

15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

* * * * *

TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

This Training Special Provision supersedes subparagraph 7b of the Special Provision entitled "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities", (Attachment 1), and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

As part of the contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided as follows:

The contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman in the type of trade or job classification involved.

The number of trainees to be trained under the special provision will be as set forth in the General Description section of this document. In the event the contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, he shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The contractor shall also ensure that this Training Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classification on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the contractor shall submit to the Department of Highways and Transportation for approval the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and training program to be used. Furthermore, the contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. The contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g., by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that he has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he has been employed as a journeyman. The contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used the contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the contractor and approved by the Department of Highways and Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. The Department of Highways and Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved but not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor, Manpower Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid

highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that the training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather than clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions. Training is permissible in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, timekeepers, etc., where the training is oriented toward construction applications. Training in the laborer classification may be permitted provided that significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the division office. Some off-site training is permissible as long as the training is an integral part of an approved training program and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Except as otherwise noted below, the contractor will be reimbursed 80 cents per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the engineer, reimbursement will be made for training persons in excess of the number specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the contractor receives additional training program funds from other sources, provided such other sources does not specifically prohibit the contractor from receiving other reimbursement. Reimbursement for off-site training indicated above may only be made to the contractor where he does one or more of the following and the trainees are concurrently employed on a Federal-aid project; contributes to the cost of the training; provides the instruction of the trainee; or pays the trainee's wages during the off-site training period.

No payment shall be made to the contractor if either the failure to provide the required training, or the failure to hire the trainees as a journeyman, is caused by the contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the contractor in meeting the requirements of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin his training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program. It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A contractor will have fulfilled his responsibilities under this Training Special Provision if he has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid a least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeymen's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees is an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In fact case, the appropriate rates approved by the Department of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provisions.

The contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program he will follow in providing the training.

The contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

The contractor will provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting his performance under this Training Special Provision.

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INTERMODAL SURFACE TRANSPORTATION EFFICIENCY ACT
& TRANSPORTATION EQUITY ACT

Recipients of Federal-aid highway funds authorized under Titles I (other than Part B) and V of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (ISTEA), or Titles I, III, and V of the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21) are required to comply with the regulations of 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 26 - Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprises in Department of Transportation Financial Assistance Programs.

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REVISED**DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) PROGRAM SPECIFICATION**

DelDOT has established a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program in accordance with the regulations of the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT), 49 CFR Part 26. The Department has received Federal financial assistance from the USDOT and as a condition of receiving this assistance, the Department has signed an assurance that it will comply with 49 CFR Part 26.

It is the policy of DelDOT to ensure that DBEs, as defined in 49 CFR Part 26, have an equal opportunity to receive and participate in USDOT-assisted contracts. It is also the policy of the DelDOT:

1. To ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of USDOT-assisted contracts;
2. To create a level playing field on which DBEs can compete fairly for USDOT-assisted contracts;
3. To ensure that the DBE program is narrowly tailored in accordance with applicable law;
4. To ensure that only firms that fully meet 49 CFR Part 26 eligibility standards are counted as DBEs;
5. To help remove barriers to the participation of DBEs in USDOT-assisted contracts;
6. To assist in the development of firms that can compete successfully in the marketplace outside the DBE program and;
7. To promote the use of DBEs in all types of federally assisted contracts and procurement activities.

The following definitions apply to this subpart:

Commercially Useful Function (CUF) means a Commercially Useful Function as defined fully in 49 CFR §26.55, which definition is incorporated herein by reference. CUF is discussed further in the next section.

Committed DBE means a DBE that was identified by the contractor, typically on a DBE Project Participation Affidavit, to assist in making a good faith effort to meet an assigned DBE goal. This also includes any substitute DBE that has subsequently been committed work to meet the assigned contract goal.

Days mean calendar days. In computing any period of time described in this part, the day from which the period begins to run is not counted, and when the last day of the period is a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday, the period extends to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday. Similarly, in circumstances where the DelDOT's offices are closed for all or part of the last day, the period extends to the next day on which the agency is open.

DBE-Conscious means actions or a program that are focused specifically on assisting DBEs in increasing their participation in projects, targeted actions that specifically factor in a firm's certified DBE status to meet a contract goal.

DBE-Neutral means actions, or a program undertaken by DelDOT, that is used to assist all small business concerns.

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise or DBE means a for-profit small business concern (1) that is at least 51 percent owned by one or more individuals who are both socially and economically disadvantaged or, in the case of a corporation, in which 51 percent of the stock is owned by one or more such individuals; and, (2) whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who own it.

DOT-assisted contract means any contract between a recipient and a contractor (at any tier) funded in whole or in part with DOT financial assistance, including letters of credit or loan guarantees, except a contract solely for the purchase of land.

Good Faith Efforts means efforts to achieve a DBE goal or other requirement of this part which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective, can reasonably be expected to fulfill the program requirement.

Joint Venture means an association of a DBE firm and one or more other firms to carry out a single, for-profit business enterprise, for which the parties combine their property, capital, efforts, skills and knowledge, and in which the DBE is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract and whose share in the capital contribution, control, management, risks, and profits of the joint venture are commensurate with its ownership interest.

NAICS Code means the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) is the standard used by Federal statistical agencies in classifying business establishments for the purpose of collecting, analyzing, and publishing statistical data related to the US business economy.

Non-DBE means any firm that is not a DBE or any entity which has not been certified by DelDOT as a DBE prior to bid closing.

Small Business concern means, with respect to firms seeking to participate as DBEs in DOT-assisted contracts, a small business concern as defined pursuant to section 3 of the Small Business Act and Small Business Administration regulations implementing it (13 CFR part 121) that also does not exceed the cap on average annual gross receipts specified in 49 CFR §26.65(b).

Socially and Economically Disadvantaged Owner (SEDO) means any individual who is a citizen (or lawfully admitted permanent resident) of the United States and who a certifier finds to be socially and economically disadvantaged on a case-by-case basis. A determination that an individual is socially and economically disadvantaged must not be made in whole or in part on race or sex. For that reason, applicants may qualify as socially and economically disadvantaged only if they can meet the relevant criteria as described in 49 CFR §26.67:

- i. *Non-presumptive disadvantage.* All applicants must demonstrate social and economic disadvantage (SED) affirmatively based on their own experiences and circumstances within American society, and without regard to race or sex
- ii. *To satisfy the SED requirement* and ensure all determinations of disadvantage are not based in whole or in part on race or sex, an owner must provide the certifier a Personal Narrative (PN) that establishes the existence of disadvantage by a preponderance of the evidence based on individualized proof regarding specific instances of economic hardship, systemic barriers, and

denied opportunities that impeded the owner's progress or success in education, employment, or business, including obtaining financing terms available to similarly situated, non-disadvantaged persons.
- iii. *The PN* must state how and to what extent the impediments caused the owner economic harm, including a full description of type and magnitude, and must establish the owner is economically disadvantaged in fact relative to similarly situated non-disadvantaged individuals.
- iv. *The owner must attach to the PN* a current Personal Net Worth (PNW) statement and any other financial information the owner considers relevant.

DBE Participation Goals

DelDOT has established an overall annual goal for DBE participation on Federal-aid contracts. DelDOT intends that the goal be met with a combination of DBE-conscious and DBE-neutral efforts. DBE-conscious participation occurs when

the contractor uses a percentage of DBEs, as defined herein, to meet the contract-specified goal. DBE-neutral efforts are those that are, or can be, used to assist all small businesses or increase opportunities for all small businesses.

The regulation, 49 CFR, Part 26, also describes DBE-neutral participation as when a DBE wins a prime contract through customary competitive procurement procedures or is awarded a subcontract on a prime contract that does not carry a DBE contract goal.

DelDOT will establish specific goals for each particular DOT-assisted project which will be expressed as a percentage of the total dollar amount of contract bid. The specific contract goal for this contract is listed in the General Description section of this document.

The contractor shall make Good Faith Efforts to meet the goal specified herein with DBEs or establish that it was unable to meet the goal despite making good faith efforts to do so. Prime contractors are encouraged to obtain DBE participation above and beyond any goals that may be set for this project.

DBE Project Participation Affidavit

REVISED

As a result of the Issuance of the IFR on September 30, 2025, all DelDOT DBEs were decertified. DelDOT is undertaking the recertification process for DBEs pursuant to the IFR requirements. As DelDOT currently has no certified DBEs, it is not feasible to require the submission of a DelDOT DBE Project Participation Affidavit for this letting. Companies bidding on this letting are NOT required to submit a DBE Project Participation Affidavit with their bid. As soon as DelDOT is able to begin recertifying DBEs pursuant to the standards set forth in the IFR, this requirement will be reinstated in all lettings.

DBE Subcontract Provisions

REVISED

DelDOT continues to reserve the right to approve ALL DBE subcontractors and all substitutions of DBE subcontractors prior to award, and during the of completion of the contract. **ALL DBEs subcontracted (whether submitted for participation credit or not) must be submitted to DelDOT's DBE Program Office for approval.** No contract work shall be performed by a DBE subcontractor until the executed DBE subcontract is approved in writing by DelDOT and DelDOT has issued the required Notice to Proceed. Any DBE subcontract relating to work to be performed pursuant to this contract, which is submitted to DelDOT for approval, must contain all DBE subcontractor information, the requirements contained in this contract, and must be fully executed by the contractor and DBE subcontractor.

Each contract between the prime contractor and each DBE subcontractor shall, at a minimum, include the following:

1. All pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.
2. Assurance that the contractor and subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract.
3. Description of the work to be performed by the DBE subcontractor.
4. The dollar value of each item of work to be completed by the DBE subcontractor and the bid price of each item of work to be completed by the DBE subcontractor.
5. An attached copy of the most current FHWA 1273- Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contracts.
6. Language indicating that retainage will not be withheld unless the prime contract with DelDOT allows for the withholding of retainage.
7. Language requiring the payment of all funds received from DelDOT for work satisfactorily performed within the time frame contemplated by 49 CFR §26.29.

DelDOT reserves the right to conduct periodic reviews of DBE and non-DBE subcontract documentation to ensure compliance with federal requirements.

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REVISED**CRITICAL DBE
REQUIREMENTS**

As a result of the Issuance of the IFR on September 30, 2025, all DelDOT DBE's were decertified. DelDOT is undertaking the recertification process for DBEs pursuant to the IFR requirements. The decertification of all DBEs impacts some of the critical contract requirements, but others remain in effect as identified below:

1. In the execution of this contract, the successful bidder agrees to comply with the following contract clauses:

Prompt Payment: The prime contractor/consultant receiving payments shall, within 30 days of receipt of any payment, file a statement with DelDOT on a form to be determined by DelDOT that all subcontractors furnishing labor or material have been paid the full sum due them at the stage of the contract, except any funds withheld under the terms of the contract as required by Chapter 8, Title 17 of the Delaware Code, annotated and as amended. Any delay or postponement of payment from the above referenced time frame may occur only for good cause following written approval of DelDOT. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors.

Retainage: The prime contractor agrees to return retainage to each subcontractor within 15 calendar days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. Any delay or postponement of payment from the above referenced time frame may occur only for good cause following written approval of DelDOT. This clause covers both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors. As guidance, once a subcontractor has satisfactorily completed the physical work, and has given to the prime contractor a certified statement that all laborers, lower tier contractors, and materialmen who have furnished labor and materials to the subcontractor have been paid all monies due them, the prime contractor shall return retainage to the subcontractor within 15 calendar days.

2. In the execution of this contract, the successful bidder agrees to comply with the following contract assurance and will include this same language in each subcontractor contract:

"The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such remedy as the recipient deems appropriate." 49 CFR Section 26.13

In addition to this specification, bidders must comply with all provisions of the rules and regulations adopted by the United States Department of Transportation for DBE participation in USDOT and DelDOT Programs (49 CFR Part 26) and the DelDOT Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program Plan; each of which is hereby incorporated and made part of this specification. Bidders are also reminded that they must be responsive and responsible bidders in all other aspects aside from the DBE Program in order to be awarded the contract.

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REVISED

GUIDANCE FOR GOOD FAITH
EFFORT

As a result of the Issuance of the IFR on September 30, 2025, all DelDOT DBE's were decertified. DelDOT is undertaking the recertification process for DBEs pursuant to the IFR requirements. As DelDOT currently has no certified DBEs, DelDOT has not included a DBE participation goal in this letting. As such, bidders are not required to provide documentation of Good Faith Efforts with their bids on this letting. As soon as DelDOT is able to begin recertifying DBEs pursuant to the standards set forth in the IFR, this requirement will be reinstated in all lettings.

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REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).

II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants /

Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment:

The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions;
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on [Form FHWA-1391](#). The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Wage rates and fringe benefits.* All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act ([29 CFR part 3](#))), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act ([40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided*, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. *Frequently recurring classifications.* (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in [29 CFR part 1](#), a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:

(i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.

c. *Conformance.* (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.

(3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division

under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

d. *Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate.* Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

e. *Unfunded plans.* If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided*, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Withholding requirements.* The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:

- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
- (2) A contracting agency for its procurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
- (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
- (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901](#)–3907.

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

(2) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.

(3) Additional records relating to fringe benefits. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

(4) Additional records relating to apprenticeship. Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. Certified payroll requirements (1) Frequency and method of submission. The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting

agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.

(2) Information required. The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at <https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHDL/legacy/files/wh347.pdf> or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.

(3) Statement of Compliance. Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:

(i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in [29 CFR part 3](#); and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(4) Use of Optional Form WH-347. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

(5) *Signature*. The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.

(6) *Falsification*. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under [18 U.S.C. 1001](#) and [31 U.S.C. 3729](#).

(7) *Length of certified payroll retention*. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

c. *Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents*. The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

d. *Required disclosures and access* (1) *Required record disclosures and access to workers*. The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.

(2) *Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements*. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under [29 CFR part 6](#) any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.

(3) *Required information disclosures*. Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address

of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Apprentices (1) Rate of pay*. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(2) *Fringe benefits*. Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.

(3) *Apprenticeship ratio*. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(4) *Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates*. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.

b. *Equal employment opportunity*. The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and [29 CFR part 30](#).

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, [18 U.S.C. 1001](#).

11. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#); or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#).

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or

mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* \$31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

a. *Withholding process.* The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:

- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
- (2) A contracting agency for its procurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
- (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
- (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901](#)–3907.

4. **Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the

event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

5. **Anti-retaliation.** It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)

- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.

2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).

5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and

health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).

(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 – 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily

excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

(1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;

(2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)

b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

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XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or

cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.

2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

**ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS
PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT
HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS
ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B)**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

CARGO PREFERENCE ACT

Requirements in the Federal-aid Highway Program

(a) Agreement Clauses. “Use of United States-flag vessels:

(1) Pursuant to Pub. L. 664 (43 U.S.C. 1241(b)) at least 50 percent of any equipment, materials or commodities procured, contracted for or otherwise obtained with funds granted, guaranteed, loaned, or advanced by the U.S. Government under this agreement, and which may be transported by ocean vessel, shall be transported on privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels, if available.

(2) Within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, ‘on-board’ commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be furnished to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

(b) Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. “Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees—

(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.

(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, ‘on-board’ commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.

NOTE:

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

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APPENDICES TO THE TITLE VI ASSURANCE

APPENDIX A

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

1. **Compliance with Regulations:** The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, (Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), or Federal Transit Authority (FTA)), as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
2. **Non-discrimination:** The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
3. **Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment:** In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
4. **Information and Reports:** The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts and the Regulations, and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), or Federal Transit Authority (FTA) to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), or Federal Transit Authority (FTA), as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
5. **Sanctions for Noncompliance:** In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), or Federal Transit Authority (FTA) may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies;
 - and/or cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
6. **Incorporation of Provisions:** The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through five in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts and the Regulations. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), or Federal Transit Authority (FTA) may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

APPENDIX E

During the performance of this contract, the contractor or consultant, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following nondiscrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.

The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970,(42 U.S.C. § 460 I), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);

Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part27;

The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);

Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982,(49 USC §471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);

The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987,(PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973,by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);

Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131 - 12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;

The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 41123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);

Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;

Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq).

* * * * *

PREVAILING WAGES

Included in this proposal are the minimum wages to be paid various classes of laborers and mechanics as determined by the Department of Labor of the State of Delaware in accordance with Title 29 Del.C. §6960, relating to wages and the regulations implementing that Section.

REQUIREMENT BY DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FOR SWORN PAYROLL INFORMATION

Title 29 Del.C. §6960 stipulates;

- (b) Every contract based upon these specifications shall contain a stipulation that the employer shall pay all mechanics and laborers employed directly upon the site of the work, unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account, the full amounts accrued at time of payment, computed at wage rates not less than those stated in the specifications, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the employer and such laborers and mechanics. The specifications shall further stipulate that the scale of wages to be paid shall be posted by the employer in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of the work, and that there may be withheld from the employer so much of accrued payments as may be considered necessary by the Department of Labor to pay to laborers and mechanics employed by the employer the difference between the rates of wages required by the contract to be paid laborers and mechanics on the work and rates of wages received by such laborers and mechanics to be remitted to the Department of Labor for distribution upon resolution of any claims.
- (c) **Every contract based upon these specifications shall contain a stipulation that sworn payroll information, as required by the Department of Labor, be furnished weekly. The Department of Labor shall keep and maintain the sworn payroll information for a period of 6 months from the last day of the work week covered by the payroll.**

Bidders are specifically directed to note the Department of Labor's prevailing wage regulations implementing §6960 relating to the effective date of the wage rates, at Part VI., Section C., which in relevant part states:

"Public agencies (covered by the provisions of 29 Del.C. §6960) are required to use the rates which are in effect on the date of the publication of specifications for a given project. In the event that a contract is not executed within one hundred twenty (120) days from the date the specifications were published, the rates in effect at the time of the execution of the contract shall be the applicable rates for the project."

PREVAILING WAGE REQUIREMENTS

It is DelDOT's understanding that the Davis-Bacon Act is not a preemptive statute in the broad sense, and does not preempt or displace State of Delaware prevailing wage requirements.

When a contract for a project contains both Federal Davis-Bacon and State of Delaware prevailing wage standards because of concurrent Federal and State coverage, the employer's minimum wage obligations are determined by whichever standards are higher.

Contractors with questions may contact:

Department of Labor, Division of Industrial Affairs, 4425 N. Market Street, Wilmington, DE 19802
Telephone (302) 761-8200

<https://dia.delawareworks.com/labor-law/>

STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
DIVISION OF INDUSTRIAL AFFAIRS
OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT
PHONE: (302) 318-2769

Mailing Address:
252 Chapman Road
Suite 210
Newark, DE 19702

Located at:
252 Chapman Road
Suite 210
Newark, DE 19702

PREVAILING WAGES FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION EFFECTIVE MARCH 13, 2026

CLASSIFICATION	NEW CASTLE	KENT	SUSSEX
BRICKLAYERS	68.29	68.29	73.01
CARPENTERS	69.62	64.06	52.30
CEMENT FINISHERS	74.68	45.80	46.69
ELECTRICAL LINE WORKERS	37.71	60.93	29.82
ELECTRICIANS	86.87	86.87	86.87
IRON WORKERS	91.78	33.47	35.55
LABORERS	58.11	53.49	52.49
MILLWRIGHTS	22.60	21.94	18.96
PAINTERS	84.99	84.99	84.99
PILEDRIVERS	100.98	33.34	93.69
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS	87.03	55.57	50.91
SHEET METAL WORKERS	31.93	28.51	25.80
TRUCK DRIVERS	54.70	39.63	48.26

CERTIFIED:

7-10-2026

BY:

Salina Chaudhry
ADMINISTRATOR, OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT

NOTE: THESE RATES ARE PROMULGATED AND ENFORCED PURSUANT TO THE PREVAILING WAGE REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ON APRIL 3, 1992.

CLASSIFICATIONS OF WORKERS ARE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FOR ASSISTANCE IN CLASSIFYING WORKERS, OR FOR A COPY OF THE REGULATIONS OR CLASSIFICATIONS, PHONE (302) 318-2769.

NON-REGISTERED APPRENTICES MUST BE PAID THE MECHANIC'S RATE.

PROJECT: T202606301 Federal Aid Project No. NH-2026 01 Pavement and Rehabilitation
Sussex I US 13 NB and SB Delmar To Laurel, Sussex County



General Decision Number: DE20260006 05/18/2026

Superseded General Decision Number: DE20250006

State: Delaware

Construction Type: Highway

County: **Sussex County in Delaware**

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(2)-(60). If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022, Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract. The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$17.75 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2025. If the contract was awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022, Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract. The contractor must pay all covered workers at least **\$13.65** per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2025. The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts>.

Modification Number	Publication Date
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0	01/02/2026
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1	05/18/2026
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ENGI0542-006 07/01/2022

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR		
Crane.....	\$ 45.81	31.38
Drill.....	\$ 43.76	30.77
Pounder.....	\$ 43.76	30.77
Roller.....	\$ 43.40	30.66

LABO0199-001 05/01/2022

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER (Asphalt, Includes Raker, Shoveler, Spreader and Distributor).....	\$ 31.15	16.50

SUDE2022-003 09/08/2022

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER.....	\$ 39.67	5.08
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER...	\$ 30.41	3.28
ELECTRICIAN.....	\$ 65.86	0.00

FORM WORKER.....	\$ 38.65	5.45
IRONWORKER, REINFORCING.....	\$ 49.64	0.00
LABORER: Common or General.....	\$ 34.94	5.91
LABORER: Mason Tender -		
Cement/Concrete.....	\$ 43.30	2.06
OPERATOR:		
Backhoe/Excavator/Trackhoe.....	\$ 30.52	13.47
OPERATOR: Bobcat/Skid		
Steer/Skid Loader.....	\$ 34.34	14.93
OPERATOR: Bulldozer.....	\$ 35.18	14.27
OPERATOR: Loader.....	\$ 38.36	4.31
OPERATOR: Mechanic.....	\$ 28.11	11.18
OPERATOR: Milling Machine.....	\$ 34.01	12.25
OPERATOR: Paver (Asphalt,		
Aggregate, and Concrete).....	\$ 35.07	17.17
TRAFFIC CONTROL: Flagger.....	\$ 40.33	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER: Dump Truck.....	\$ 28.07	7.38

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing
operation to which welding is incidental.
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Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts>.

Note: Executive Order 13658 generally applies to contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act that were awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and that have not been renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022. Executive Order 13658 does not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts regardless of when they were awarded. If a contract is subject to Executive Order 13658, the contractor must pay all covered workers at least **\$13.65** per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract **from May 11, 2026, through December 31, 2026**. The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under Executive Order 13658 is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order under rate identifiers indicating whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate), a survey rate, a weighted union average rate, a state adopted rate, or a supplemental classification rate.

Union Rate Identifiers

A four-letter identifier beginning with characters other than "SU", "UAVG", "SA", or "SC" denotes that a union rate was prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2024. PLUM is an identifier of the union whose collectively bargained rate prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. The date, 07/01/2024 in the example, is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all changes over time that are reported to WHD in the rates in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing the classification.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

The UAVG identifier indicates that no single rate prevailed for those classifications, but that 100% of the data reported for the classifications reflected union rates. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 01/01/2024. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the State of Ohio.

The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/01/2024 in the example, indicates the date the wage determination was updated to reflect the most current union average rate.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January, to reflect a weighted average of the current rates in the collective bargaining agreements on which the rate is based.

Survey Rate Identifiers

The "SU" identifier indicates that either a single non-union rate prevailed (as defined in 29 CFR 1.2) for this classification in the survey or that the rate was derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As a weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SUFL2022-007 6/27/2024. SU indicates the rate is a single non-union prevailing rate or a weighted average of survey data for that classification. FL indicates the State of Florida. 2022 is the year of the survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 6/27/2024 in the example, indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

?SU? wage rates typically remain in effect until a new survey is conducted. However, the Wage and Hour Division (WHD) has the discretion to update such rates under 29 CFR 1.6(c)(1).

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

The ""SA"" identifier indicates that the classifications and prevailing wage rates set by a state (or local) government were adopted under 29 C.F.R 1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/03/2024 in the example, reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the ?SA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- a) a survey underlying a wage determination
- b) an existing published wage determination
- c) an initial WHD letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- d) an initial conformance (additional classification and rate) determination

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be directed to the WHD Branch of Wage Surveys. Requests can be submitted via email to davisbaconinfo@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Wage Surveys
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

Regarding any other wage determination matter such as conformance decisions, requests for initial decisions should be directed to the WHD Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Requests can be submitted via email to BCWD-Office@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

2.) If an initial decision has been issued, then any interested party (those affected by the action) that disagrees with the decision can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Requests for review and reconsideration can be submitted via email to dba.reconsideration@dol.gov or by mail to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

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END OF GENERAL DECISION

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

S.P. Code	SPECIAL PROVISION DESCRIPTION
401502-25	ASPHALT CEMENT COST ADJUSTMENT
401510-25	TACK COAT
401580-25	RIDE QUALITY OF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT
401586-25	VOID REDUCING ASPHALT MEMBRANE
401690-25	ENTRANCE, DRIVEWAY, AND INTERSECTING STREET PAVING AND MILLING SURCHARGE
401699-25	QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE OF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE
503503-25	PATCHING CONCRETE
760503-25	PAVEMENT MILLING, PATCHING
763518-25	CONNECTED MACHINERY
763520-25	ELECTRONIC TICKETING
763621-25	CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING, REHABILITATION
763626-25	DIESEL FUEL COST PRICE ADJUSTMENT
801500-25	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC, REHABILITATION
806500-25	TRAFFIC OFFICERS
834501-25	PARTIAL REMOVAL OF CONCRETE POLE BASES AND CABINET FOUNDATIONS

401502 - ASPHALT CEMENT COST ADJUSTMENT

For Sections 304, 401, 402, 403, 404, and 405, payments to the Contractor shall be adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price when compared to the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price, as defined in these Special Provisions.

The Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price will be issued monthly by the Department and will be the industry posted price for Asphalt Cement, F.O.B. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The link for the posting is https://deldot.gov/Business/bids/index.shtml?dc=asphalt_cement_english.

The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price will be the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price in effect on the date of advertisement.

All deviations of the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price from the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price are eligible for cost adjustment. No minimum increases or decreases or corresponding percentages are required to qualify for cost adjustment.

Actual quantity of asphalt cement qualifying for any Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment will be computed using the weight of eligible asphalt that is shown on the QA/QC pay sheets as a percentage for the delivered material.

If the mix was not inspected and no QA/QC pay sheet was generated, then the asphalt percentage will be obtained from the job mix formula for that mix ID. The asphalt percentage eligible for cost adjustment shall only be the virgin asphalt cement added to the mix.

There shall be no separate payment per ton cost of asphalt cement. That cost shall be included in the various unit prices bid per ton for those bid items that contain asphalt cement (mentioned above).

The Asphalt cement cost adjustment will be calculated on grade PG 64-22 asphalt regardless of the actual grade of asphalt used.

If the Contractor exceeds the authorized allotted completion time, the price of asphalt cement on the last authorized allotted workday, shall be the prices used for cost adjustment during the time

liquidated damages are assessed. However, if the industry posted price for asphalt cement goes down, the asphalt-cement cost shall be adjusted downward accordingly.

NOTE:

Application of Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment requirements as indicated above shall apply only to those contracts involving items related to bituminous base and pavements, and with bitumen, having a total of 1,000 tons or more of hot-mix bid quantity in case of Sections 401, 402 and 403; and 15,000 gallons or more in case of Sections 304, 404 and 405.

12/14/2020

401510 – TACK COAT**Description:**

The Department will not measure and will make no payment for this item. This language replaces Section 1011 of the Standard Specifications.

SECTION 1011 -TACK COAT**1011.1 Description.**

Provide material in accordance with 1011.2 for thin lift maintenance applications, or as directed by the engineer. Provide material in accordance with Section 1011.3 and selected from the approved product list and in accordance with manufacturer recommendations for all other applications.

1011.2 Asphalt Cement (PG Graded).

Provide PG-64-22 (PG 64S-22) as tack coat in lieu of emulsified asphalts.

1011.3 Emulsified Asphalts.

1. Anionic emulsified asphalt in accordance with M140 except the sieve test requirement for field samples collected at the point of use shall be a maximum of 0.4 percent.
2. Cationic emulsified asphalt in accordance with M208 except the sieve test requirement for field samples collected at the point of use shall be a maximum of 0.4 percent.
3. Polymer-modified cationic emulsified asphalts in accordance with M316 except the sieve test requirement for field samples collected at the point of use shall be a maximum of 0.4 percent.
4. Non-Tracking emulsified asphalt in conformance with Table 1011.3-1.

Table 1011.3-1 Non-Tracking Emulsified Asphalt Requirements.

Property	Test Method	Requirement
Saybolt Viscosity at 77 F, (SFS)	AASHTO T59	15-100
Storage Stability Test, 24 hours, (%)	AASHTO T59	1 maximum
Residue by Distillation or Residue by Evaporation, (%)	AASHTO T59	50 minimum
Sieve Test, No. 20, (%)	AASHTO T59	0.4 maximum for field samples
Penetration at 77 F, 100 g, 5 s, (dmm)	AASHTO T49	10-40
Solubility in Trichloroethylene, (%)	AASHTO T44	97.5 minimum

6/11/2024

401580 - RIDE QUALITY OF BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT

Description:

This specification outlines requirements for an acceptable ride surface in addition to requirements established in DelDOT Standard Specifications. The Contractor is responsible for providing smoothness characteristics that meet these requirements. The Contractor is responsible for providing equipment, maintenance of traffic (MOT) as required by the Delaware MUTCD, and performing testing in accordance to this specification. All costs for testing and MOT are incidental to this item. Both the International Roughness Index (IRI) and deviations located within a 10' straightedge are used to characterize smoothness in this Special Provision.

Definitions:

Class 1 Project - a project that consists of full depth construction. Full depth construction is considered to be when contract documents or modifications provide opportunity for preparation of the subgrade prior to paving.

Class 2 Project - a project that consists of a minimum of two smoothness opportunities.

Class 3 Project - a project that consists of one smoothness opportunity.

Deviation - a hump or depression that exceeds defined tolerances.

Smoothness Opportunity - a smoothness opportunity is considered to be any of the following; roadway milling, placement of a leveling course, in-place recycling, or placement of a lift of bituminous concrete. The final wearing surface is considered one smoothness opportunity.

Equipment:

The Contractor must have a 10' straightedge available during all paving operations.

The Contractor must also have a high speed or lightweight inertial profiling system that meets requirements of AASHTO M328 capable of collecting data in both wheelpaths simultaneously.

Prior to the start of corrective actions, the Contractor must provide to the Engineer:

1. Manufacturer, Make, and Model of the test system
2. Equipment Owner,
3. Relevant Certifications,
4. Manufacturer Calibration Procedures, and
5. Relevant Operator Training information.

Testing:

The Contractor is responsible for testing the pavement surface using an approved inertial profiler in accordance to manufacturer and AASHTO R57 from the start of paving limits to the end of pavement

limits. Testing must be performed 3 times in each lane paved in the direction of traffic flow. Testing must be performed within seven (7) days of completion of project paving operations in each location.

The Contractor is responsible for providing information relative to locations that are to be excluded from calculation of the International Roughness Index. These areas must still meet 10' straightedge requirements.

Areas that are to be tested but will be removed prior to IRI analysis are:

1. 50 feet prior to the first bridge deck expansion joint and 50 feet after the last expansion joint if a bridge deck is excluded from smoothness operations.
2. 50' longitudinally from the center of an existing obstruction within the test area such as a manhole, water main, or catch basin that impedes paving operations.
3. 50' longitudinally from transverse joints that separate it from existing pavement not included on this contract.

Areas that are not to be profiled but are still subject to 10' straightedge requirements are:

1. Shoulder areas
2. Parking lots
3. Ramps, Streets, or Acceleration / Deceleration lanes less than 1000' in length.

Submission Requirements:

Test results must be submitted to the Engineer within five working days of completion of testing. Results not received within the allotted time frame will be assessed a charge of \$1,000.00 per day at the discretion of the Engineer.

The Contractor is required to submit summary table IRI reports from their test equipment for 1 run for each lane and direction of paving. This report must also include:

1. Profiling Company Name
2. Date of Test
3. Contract Number
4. Location Description
5. Testing Personnel

The Contractor is required to submit ERD files for each of the 3 tests run in each lane and direction of paving to the Engineer for analysis. The Contractor must provide to the Engineer written documentation indicating the start and end of bridges and the center of obstructions relative to the stationing used on the testing that are not subject to IRI analysis.

Acceptance and Payment:

Acceptance of the final pavement will be based on Engineer calculated IRI values using ProVAL software upon removal of allowable areas of exemption and the number of deviations found in the pavement surface. The IRI measurements will be calculated in 0.1 mile (528 foot) sections for payment purposes. The average value of the three test runs will be used and the average value will be rounded to the nearest tenth. Payments for each section will be based on estimated tonnage calculated from plan

thickness and widths using the average maximum specific gravity ("Rice") for all surface mix used at that location.

Deviations equal to or in excess of 0.25" in 10' are to be corrected at the Contractor's expense or will have a discount charge of \$200.00 per deviation.

$$\text{Estimated Tonnage} = [L * W * T] * \text{Rice} * 62.4 \text{ (lb/ft}^3\text{)} * (0.0005 \text{ tons} / 12 \text{ in.})$$

Where: L = Length Segment (ft.)

W = Lane Width (ft.)

T = Plan Thickness (in.)

$$\text{IRI Incentive / Disincentive} = \text{Estimated Tonnage} * \text{UP} * (\text{PA}-100)/100$$

Where: UP = Contract Unit Price (Dollars)

PA = Pay Adjustment (Table A)

The total pay adjustment for paving work performed on each location is:

$$(3 \text{ IRI adj for each section}) - \text{Total Deviations} * 200$$

It is possible to receive incentive for IRI measurements and a discount charge for excessive deviations on the same project. If a 528' section has an IRI value resulting in a deduction of at least 84% of the section pay, the deviation discount charge for that section is disregarded and the IRI discount charge is the only action taken for that section.

Table A: Payment Adjustments for IRI	
Class 1	
IRI per 0.1 mile Segment (in./mi.)	Pay Adjustment
≤ 50	103%
> 50 and < 145	100+ 0.2(65- IRI)
≥ 145	84%
Class 2	
IRI per 0.1 mile Segment (in./mi.)	Pay Adjustment
≤ 60	106%
> 60 and < 170	100+ 0.2(90- IRI)
≥ 170	84%

Correction to the paving surface, such as diamond grinding with approved equipment, patching, or other measures may be taken at the Contractor's expense and at the Engineers discretion to correct pavement surfaces assessed a discount charge. The Engineer may require corrective actions including remove &

replace if the deviation discount charge exceeds 50% of the cost of materials or the IRI pay adjustment is 84%. Deviations must be corrected if it is determined that they are at a height or depth that may create a safety concern.

4/10/2019

401586 – VOID REDUCING ASPHALT MEMBRANE**Description.**

This work consists of providing and installing an 18 inch wide strip of polymer modified asphalt material as a void reducing asphalt membrane beneath the longitudinal construction joint of a bituminous pavement surface course prior to placement.

Materials.**A. Void reducing asphalt membrane (VRAM)**

1. A spray applied liquid.
2. A base asphalt with elastomers added.
 - a. Use a styrene-butadiene deblock or triblock copolymer without asphalt extenders or a styrene-butadiene rubber. Do not use air blown asphalt, acid modification, or any other modifier.
3. Meets the requirements in Table 1.
4. VRAM must be suitable for construction traffic without picking up or tracking in 30 minutes.

Table 1: VRAM Material Requirements		
Test	Test Requirement	Test Method
Dynamic shear @ 88 degrees C (unaged), $G^*/\sin \delta$, kPa	1.00 min	AASHTO T315
Creep stiffness @ -18 degrees C (unaged)		AASHTO T313
Stiffness (S), MPa	300 max.	
m-value	0.300 min.	
Ash, %	1.0 to 4.0	AASHTO T111
Elastic recovery		ASTM D6084
100 mm elongation, cut immediately, 25 degrees C.	70 min.	Method A
Separation of polymer, difference in degrees C of the softening point (ring and ball apparatus)	3 max.	ASTM D7173, AASHTO T53

Equipment.**A. Use one of the following application systems.**

1. Pressure distributor equipped with:
 - a. A heating and recirculating system;
 - b. an auger agitation system or vertical shaft mixer; and the
 - c. capability to apply VRAM at desired application rate.

2. Melter kettle equipped with:
 - a. Oil jacked double boiler type;
 - b. agitating and recirculating systems;
 - c. pressure feed wand with an applicator shoe, spray bar, or hand operated thermal push cart; and the
 - d. capability to apply VRAM at desired application rate.

Construction.

- A. Determine and mark the location of the centerline of the overlay. Mark 9 inches on either side of the joint to provide a guideline for application. Use paint to mark the area.
- B. Place VRAM when the pavement surface temperature and the ambient air temperature is at least 40 degrees F and rising.
- C. Clean the pavement surface area to be treated of all foreign material prior to placing VRAM.
 1. Milled surfaces may require use of compressed air to remove dust and fine materials.
 2. Remove any thermoplastic pavement markings or temporary tape.
 3. Surface must be dry and free of moisture prior to VRAM placement.
- D. VRAM Application.
 1. Place a suitable release paper to cover previous VRAM application to prevent doubling up of thickness of VRAM.
 2. Apply VRAM 18 ± 1.5 inches wide with half located on either side of the longitudinal joint proposed for the lift of paving above it when both sides of joint are exposed.
 3. Apply VRAM at one-half the prescribed width and rate adjacent to the center of the joint when only one half of the joint is exposed.
 4. Apply VRAM in a single pass at the optimal temperature of 295 degrees F. Do not place at temperatures greater than 320 degrees F.
 5. Apply VRAM on the vertical face of the cold joint left in place when only one-half of the joint is exposed.
 6. Apply VRAM at the application rates in Table 2.

Table 2: VRAM Application Rates (lb/ft) by Material Type			
Overlay Thickness (inches)	Coarse Graded	Fine Graded	SMA
	12.5 mm (< 40% passing #8 sieve)	12.5 mm ($\geq 40\%$ passing #8 sieve)	
	9.5 mm (< 45% passing #8 sieve)	9.5 mm ($\geq 45\%$ passing #8 sieve)	
1.25	1.31	0.88	-
1.50	1.47	0.95	-

1.75	1.63	0.95	-
2.00	1.80	0.95	1.51

- E. Overlap VRAM material with tack coat 1 to 2 inches. Do not permit tires on VRAM materials while tacking the pavement surface.
- F. Raise the paver end plate and grade control devices above the finished height of the VRAM prior to and during asphalt placement. Cease placement of asphalt mixture and VRAM if flushing is observed in the asphalt surface.
- G. Do not use pneumatic rollers on asphalt mix directly over the VRAM.
- H. If areas where VRAM has been placed is open to traffic or hot surface temperature is expected an application of natural or crushed sand, or lime may be applied at a rate of $1 \pm 1/2$ lb./SY with a spreading device or by hand.
- I. Quality Control / Quality Assurance.
 - 1. Provide a bill of lading for each tanker supplying material to the project.
 - 2. Obtain a material sample at the start of each application shift.
 - a. Obtain the verification sample set during the application in the presence of the Engineer from the pressure distributor or melter kettle.
 - b. Pull samples from the truck sample valve, not from the spray bars.
 - c. Send verification sample to the Materials and Research Laboratory for testing according to Table 1.
 - 3. Verify the application rate of VRAM for the first 1,000 feet of the day's scheduled application length, every 10,000 feet the remainder of the day, and once for projects less than 3,000 feet. Verify the application rate using the following process:
 - a. Place a paper or pan of known weight at a random location in the path of placement.
 - b. Pick up the paper or pan and weigh the material.
 - c. Calculate the weight-per-foot of VRAM.
 - d. Verify that application rate is within ± 10 percent of the target application rate.
 - e. Replace the VRAM where the application rate is checked.

Method of Measurement.

- A. The Department will measure the quantity of void reducing asphalt membrane in linear feet installed and accepted.

Basis of Payment.

- A. The Department will pay for void reducing asphalt membrane at the contract unit price per linear feet. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for:

1. Preparing the surface;
2. providing, preparing, and placing all materials, and
3. performing QC testing of the application.

9/8/2023

401690 – ENTRANCE, DRIVEWAY, AND INTERSECTING STREET PAVING AND MILLING
SURCHARGE

DESCRIPTION:

This item is to compensate for work associated with paving and milling the tie-ins at entrances, driveways and intersecting streets when such work cannot be completed as part of the mainline (roadway, auxiliary lanes, shoulder) paving operation.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT:

The Department will measure the quantity of entrance, driveway, and intersecting street paving and milling surcharge in tons of bituminous material placed.

BASIS OF PAYMENT:

- A. The Department will pay for entrance, driveway, and intersecting street paving and milling surcharge at the contract unit price per ton. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for additional labor and equipment costs involved with reduced production associated with milling and paving areas.
- B. The surcharge limits will extend from the outermost roadway element to the point of tie-in as directed by the engineer.
- C. No Surcharge will be paid:
 - 1. When the intersecting street is to be paved under the same contract;
 - 2. when a tie-in or intersection which exceeds 100 feet from the outermost roadway element;
 - 3. when the tie-in does not exceed three feet from the outermost roadway element; or
 - 4. auxiliary lanes and crossovers in the median of divided highways.
- D. Areas excluded from the paving and milling surcharge will be paid for under normal paving operations.

09/16/2022

401699 - QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE OF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE

.01 Description

This item shall govern the Quality Assurance Testing for supplying bituminous asphalt plant materials and constructing bituminous asphalt pavements and the calculation for incentives and disincentives for materials and construction. The Engineer will evaluate all materials and construction for acceptance. The procedures for acceptance are described in this Section. Include the costs for all materials, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to meet the requirements of this specification in the bid price per ton for the bituminous asphalt. Payment to the Contractor for the bituminous asphalt item(s) will be based on the Contract price per ton and the pay adjustments described in this specification.

.02 Bituminous Concrete Production B Quality Acceptance

(a) Material Production - Tests and Evaluations.

All acceptance tests shall be performed by qualified technicians at qualified laboratories following AASHTO or DelDOT procedures and shall be evaluated using Quality Level Analysis. The Engineer will conduct acceptance tests. The Engineer will directly base acceptance on the acceptance test results, the asphalt cement quality, the Contractor's QC Plan work, and the comparisons of the acceptance test results to the QC test results. The Engineer may elect to utilize test results of the Contractor in some situations toward judging acceptance.

Supply and capture samples, as directed by the Engineer under the purview of the Engineer from delivery trucks before the trucks leave the production plant. Hand samples to the Engineer to be marked accordingly. The sample shall represent the material produced by the Contractor and shall be of sufficient size to allow the Engineer to complete all required acceptance tests. The Engineer will direct the Contractor when to capture these samples, on a statistically random, unbiased basis, established before production begins each day based upon the anticipated production tonnage. The captured sample shall be from the Engineer specified delivery truck. The Contractor may visually inspect the specified delivery load during sampling and elect to reject the load. If the contractor elects to reject the specified delivery truck, each subsequent load will be inspected until a visually acceptable load is produced for acceptance testing. All visually rejected loads shall not be sent to a Department project.

The first sample of the production day will be randomly generated by the Engineer between loads 0 and 12 (0-250 tons). Subsequent samples will be randomly generated by the Engineer on 500-ton sublots for the production day. Samples not retrieved in accordance with the Contractor's QC plan will be deemed unacceptable and may be a basis for rejection of material produced. Parallel tests or dispute resolution tests will only be performed on material captured at the same time and location as the acceptance test sample. Parallel test samples or Dispute Resolution samples will be created by splitting a large sample or obtaining multiple samples that equally represent the material. The Engineer will perform all splitting and handling of material after it is obtained by the Contractor.

The Contractor may retain dispute resolution samples or perform parallel tests with the Engineer on any acceptance sample.

The Engineer will evaluate and accept the material on a lot basis. All the material within a lot shall have the same JMF (mixture ID). The lot size shall be targeted for 2000 tons or a maximum period of three days, whichever is reached first. If the 2000th ton target lot size is achieved during a production day, the lot size shall extend to the end of that production day. The Contractor may interrupt the production of one JMF in order to produce different material; this type of interruption will not alter the determination of the size or limits of material represented by a lot. The Engineer will evaluate each lot on a subplot basis. The size for each subplot shall be 100 to 500 tons and testing for the sub lots will be completed on a daily basis. For each subplot, the Engineer will evaluate one sample.

The target size of sub-lots within each lot, except for the first sample of the production day, is equal-sized 500 ton sub lots and will be based upon anticipated production, however, more or fewer sublots, with differing sizes, may result due to the production schedule and conditions. If the actual production is less than anticipated, and it's determined a sample will not be obtained (based upon the anticipated tonnage), a new sample location will be determined on a statistically random, unbiased basis based upon the new actual production. If the actual production is going to be 50 tons or greater over the anticipated sub lot production, a new sample location will be determined on a statistically random, unbiased basis based upon the new actual production. The Engineer will combine the evaluation and test results for all of the applicable sublots in order to evaluate each individual lot.

If the Engineer is present, and the quantity exceeds 25 tons, a statistically random sample will be used for analysis. When the anticipated production is less than 100 tons and greater than 25 tons, and the Engineer is not present, the contractor shall randomly select a sample using the Engineer's random location program. The captured sample shall be placed in a suitable box, marked to the attention of the Engineer, and submitted to the Engineer for testing. A box sample shall also be obtained by the contractor at the same time and will be used as the Dispute Resolution sample if requested by the Engineer. The Contractor shall also obtain one liquid asphalt sample (1 pint) per grade of asphalt used per day and properly label it with all pertinent information.

The Engineer will conduct the following tests in order to characterize the material for the pavement compaction quality and to judge acceptance and the pay adjustment for the material:

- AASHTO T312 - Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyratory Compactor
- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) - Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
- AASHTO T308 - Determining the Asphalt Binder Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method
- AASHTO T30 - Mechanical Analysis of Extracted Aggregate
- AASHTO T209 - Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)
- ASTM D7227 - Standard Practice for Rapid Drying of Compacted Asphalt Specimens using Vacuum Drying Apparatus

(b) Pavement Construction - Tests and Evaluations.

The Engineer will directly base acceptance on the compaction acceptance test results, and on the inspection of the construction, the Contractor's QC Plan work, ride smoothness as referenced in the contract

documents, lift thickness as referenced in the contract documents, joint quality as referenced in the contract documents, surface texture as referenced in the contract documents, and possibly the comparisons of the acceptance test results to the independent test results. For the compaction acceptance testing, the Engineer will sample the work on a statistically random basis and will test and evaluate the work based on daily production.

Notify the Engineer of any locations within that road segment that may not be suitable to achieve minimum (93%) compaction due to existing conditions prior to paving the road segment. Schedule and hold a meeting in the field with the Engineer in order to discuss all areas that may potentially be applicable to Table 5a before paving starts. Areas that will be considered for Table 5a will be investigated in accordance with the method described in Appendix B. If this meeting is not held prior to paving, no areas will be considered for Table 5a. Areas of allowable exemptions that will not be cored include the following: partial-depth patch areas, driveway entrances, paving locations of less than 100 tons from cold joint to cold joint, areas around manholes and driveway entrances, and areas of paving that are under 400 feet in continuous total length and/or 5 feet in width.

The exempt areas around manholes will be a maximum of 4 feet transversely on either side from the center of the manhole, and 20 feet longitudinally on either side from the center of the manhole. The exempt areas around driveway entrances shall be the entire width of the driveway, and 3 feet from the edge of the longitudinal joint next to the driveway. Areas of exemption that will be cored for informational purposes only include: areas where the mat thickness is less than three times the nominal maximum aggregate size as directed by the Engineer, violations of Section 401.08 in the Standard Specifications as directed by the Engineer, and areas shown to contain questionable subgrade properties as proven by substantial yielding under a fully legally loaded truck. Failure to obtain core samples in these areas will result in zero payment for compaction regardless of the exempt status.

The Engineer will evaluate and accept the compaction work on a daily basis. Payment for the compaction will be calculated by using the material production lots as referenced in **.02 Acceptance Plan (a) Material Production - B Tests and Evaluation** and analyzing the compaction results over the individual days covered in the material production lot. The compaction results will be combined with the material results to obtain a payment for this item.

The minimum size of a compaction lot shall be 100 tons. If the compaction lot is between 101 and 1000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine four compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is between 1001 and 1500 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine six compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is between 1501 and 2000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine eight compaction acceptance test locations. If the compaction lot is greater than 2000 tons, the Engineer shall randomly determine two compaction acceptance test locations per 500 tons.

If a randomly selected area falls within an Engineer approved exemption area, the Engineer will select one more randomly generated location to be tested per the requirements of this Specification. If that cannot be accomplished, or if an entire location has been declared exempt, the compaction testing shall be performed as per these Specifications, but a note will be added to the results that the location was an Engineer approved exempt location.

Testing locations will be a minimum of 1.0 feet from the newly placed longitudinal joint and 50 feet from a new transverse joint. Cut one six (6) inch diameter core through the full lift depth at the exact location marked by the Engineer. Cores submitted that are not from the location designated by the Engineer

will not be tested and will be paid at zero pay. Notify the Engineer prior to starting paving operations with approximate tonnage to be placed. The Contractor is then responsible for notifying the appropriate Engineer test personnel within 12 hours of material placement. The Engineer will mark core locations within 24 hours of notification. After determination of locations, the Contractor shall complete testing within two operational days of the locations being marked. If the cores are not cut within two operational days, the area in question will be paid at zero pay for compaction testing.

Provide any traffic control required for the structural number investigation, sampling, and testing work at no additional cost to the Department. Commence coring of the pavement after the pavement has cooled to a temperature of 140°F or less. Cut each core with care in order to prevent damaging the core. Damaged cores will not be tested. Label each core with contract number, date of construction, and number XX of XX upon removal from the roadway. Place cores in a 6-inch diameter plastic concrete cylinder mold or approved substitute for protection. Separate cores in the same cylinder mold with paper. Attach a completed QC test record for the represented area with the corresponding cores. The Engineer will also complete a test record for areas tested for the QA report and provide to Materials & Research. Deliver the cores to the Engineer for testing, processing, and report distribution at the end of each production day. Repair core holes per Appendix A, Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavements. Core holes shall be filled immediately. Failure to repair core holes at the time of coring will result in zero pay for compaction testing for the area in question.

The Engineer will conduct the following tests on the applicable portion of the cores in order to evaluate their quality:

- AASHTO T166, Method C (Rapid Method) B Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens
- AASHTO T209 - Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Hot Mix Asphalt
- ASTM D7227 - Standard Practice for Rapid Drying of Compacted Asphalt Specimens using Vacuum Drying Apparatus

The Engineer will use the average of the last five test values of the same JMF (mixture ID) material at the production plant in order to calculate the average theoretical maximum specific gravity of the cores. The average will be based on the production days test results and as many test results needed from previous days production to have an average of five samples. If there are less than five values available, the Engineer will use the JMF design value in addition to the available values to calculate the average theoretical maximum specific gravity.

.03 Payment and Pay Adjustment Factors

The Engineer will determine pay adjustments for the bituminous asphalt item(s) in accordance with this specification. The Engineer will determine a pay adjustment factor for the material produced and a pay adjustment factor for the pavement construction. Pay adjustments for material and construction will be calculated independently. When the pay adjustment calculation for either material or construction falls to zero payment per tables 4, 5, or 5a, the maximum pay adjustment for the other factor will not exceed 100.

Pay Adjustment factors will only be calculated on in place material. Removed material will not be used in payment adjustment calculations. Material Production Pay Adjustments will be calculated based upon 70% of the contract unit price and calculated according to section .03(a) of this specification. Pavement construction Pay Adjustments will be calculated based upon 30% of the contract unit price and

calculated according to section .03(b) of this specification.

(a) Material Production - Pay Adjustment.

Calculate the material pay adjustment by evaluating the production material based on the following parameters:

Table 2 - Material Parameter Weight Factors		
Material Parameter	Single Test Tolerance (+/-)	Weight Factor
Asphalt Content	0.4	0.30
#8 Sieve (≥ 19.0 mm)	7.0	0.30
#8 Sieve (≤ 12.5 mm)	5.0	0.30
#200 Sieve (0.075mm Sieve)	2.0	0.30
Air Voids (4.0% Target)	2.0	0.10

Using the JMF target value, the single test tolerance (from Table 2), and the test values, the Engineer will use the following steps to determine the material pay adjustment factor for each lot of material:

1. For each parameter, calculate the mean value and the standard deviation of the test values for the lot to the nearest 0.1 unit.
2. For each parameter, calculate the Upper Quality Index (QU):

$$QU = ((\text{JMF target}) + (\text{single test tolerance}) - (\text{mean value})) / (\text{standard deviation}).$$
3. For each parameter, calculate the Lower Quality Index (QL):

$$QL = ((\text{mean value}) - (\text{JMF target}) + (\text{single test tolerance})) / (\text{standard deviation}).$$
4. For each parameter, locate the values for the Upper Payment Limit (PU) and the Lower Payment Limit (PL) from Table 3 - Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method. (Use the column for An@ representing the number of sublots in the lot. Use the closest value on the table when the exact value is not listed).
5. Calculate the PWL for each parameter from the values located in the previous step:

$$\text{PWL} = \text{PU} + \text{PL} - 100.$$
6. Calculate each parameter's contribution to the payment adjustment by multiplying its PWL by the weight factor shown in Table 2 for that parameter.
7. Add the calculated adjustments of all the parameters together to determine the Composite PWL for the lot.
8. From Table 4, locate the value of the Pay Adjustment Factor corresponding to the calculated PWL. When all properties of a single test are within the single test tolerance of Table 2, Pay Adjustment factors shall be determined by Column B. When any property of a single test is outside of the Single Test Tolerance parameters defined in Table 2, the Material Pay Adjustment factor shall be determined by Column C.
9. For each lot, determine the final material price adjustment:

Final Material Pay Adjustment =

(Lot Quantity) x (Item Bid Price) x (Pay Adjustment Factor) x 70%. This final pay calculation will be paid to the cent.

In lieu of being assessed a pay adjustment penalty, the Contractor may choose to remove and replace the material at no additional cost to the Department. When the PWL of any material parameter in Table 2 is below 60, the Engineer may require the removal and replacement of the material at no additional cost to the Department. Test results on removed material shall not be used in calculation of future PWL calculations for Mixture ID.

The test results from the Engineer on production that is less than 100 tons will be combined with the two most recently completed Engineer tests with the same Mixture ID to calculate payment for the lot encompassing the single test. If that cannot be accomplished, the approved JMF will be used to calculate payment for the lot encompassing the single test. Payment for previously closed lots will not be affected by the analysis.

When a sample is outside of the allowable single test tolerance for any Materials criteria in Table 2, that sample will be isolated. For payment purposes, the test result of the out of acceptable tolerance sample will be combined with the two previous acceptable samples of the same JMF and analyzed per this specification. The material that is considered out of the acceptable tolerance will only include the material within the represented sub-lot (i.e., a maximum of 500 tons). If the previous acceptable test result is from the previous production day, only the material produced on the second production day will be considered out of tolerance. All future sub lots will not include the isolated test. The pay factors for the out of tolerance sample lot will be calculated using column C of table 4.

If, during production, a QA sample test result does not meet the acceptable tolerances and the Contractor's QC sample duplicates the QA sample test result, the Contractor can make an appropriate change to the mixture (within the JMF boundaries), and request to have that sample further isolated. After the Contractor has made appropriate changes, the Contractor will visually inspect each produced load. The first visually acceptable load will be sampled and tested. If that sample test result shows compliance with the specifications, the material that is considered out of the acceptable tolerance will include the material from the previous acceptable test result to the third load after the initially sampled and tested sample. If the sample does not meet the specification requirements, the Engineer will no longer accept material. Production may resume when changes have been made and an acceptable sample and test result is obtained.

Table 3 B Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method							
PU or PL	QU and QL for An@ Samples						
	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 6	n = 7	n = 8	n = 9
100	1.16	1.50	1.79	2.03	2.23	2.39	2.53
99	-	1.47	1.67	1.80	1.89	1.95	2.00
98	1.15	1.44	1.60	1.70	1.76	1.81	1.84
97	-	1.41	1.54	1.62	1.67	1.70	1.72
96	1.14	1.38	1.49	1.55	1.59	1.61	1.63
95	-	1.35	1.44	1.49	1.52	1.54	1.55

94	1.13	1.32	1.39	1.43	1.46	1.47	1.48
93	-	1.29	1.35	1.38	1.40	1.41	1.42
92	1.12	1.26	1.31	1.33	1.35	1.36	1.36
91	1.11	1.23	1.27	1.29	1.30	1.30	1.31
90	1.10	1.20	1.23	1.24	1.25	1.25	1.26
89	1.09	1.17	1.19	1.20	1.20	1.21	1.21
88	1.07	1.14	1.15	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.17
87	1.06	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12
86	1.04	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08
85	1.03	1.05	1.05	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04
84	1.01	1.02	1.01	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.00
83	1.00	0.99	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.96
82	0.97	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.93	0.93
81	0.96	0.93	0.91	0.90	0.90	0.89	0.89
80	0.93	0.90	0.88	0.87	0.86	0.86	0.86
79	0.91	0.87	0.85	0.84	0.83	0.82	0.82
78	0.89	0.84	0.82	0.80	0.80	0.79	0.79
77	0.87	0.81	0.78	0.77	0.76	0.76	0.76
76	0.84	0.78	0.75	0.74	0.73	0.73	0.72
75	0.82	0.75	0.72	0.71	0.70	0.70	0.69
74	0.79	0.72	0.69	0.68	0.67	0.66	0.66
73	0.75	0.69	0.66	0.65	0.64	0.63	0.63
72	0.74	0.66	0.63	0.62	0.61	0.60	0.60
71	0.71	0.63	0.60	0.59	0.58	0.57	0.57
70	0.68	0.60	0.57	0.56	0.55	0.55	0.54
69	0.65	0.57	0.54	0.53	0.52	0.52	0.51
68	0.62	0.54	0.51	0.50	0.49	0.49	0.48
67	0.59	0.51	0.47	0.47	0.46	0.46	0.46
66	0.56	0.48	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43
65	0.52	0.45	0.43	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.40
64	0.49	0.42	0.40	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.37
63	0.46	0.39	0.37	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.35

62	0.43	0.36	0.34	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.32
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Table 3 B Quality Level Analysis by the Standard Deviation Method							
PU or PL	QU and QL for An@ Samples						
	n = 3	n = 4	n = 5	n = 6	n = 7	n = 8	n = 9
61	0.39	0.33	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.29
60	0.36	0.30	0.28	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26
59	0.32	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24

Table 4 - PWL Pay Adjustment Factors		
PWL	Pay Adjustment Factor (%) Column B	Pay Adjustment Factor (%) Column C
100	+5	0
99	+4	-1
98	+3	-2
97	+2	-3
96	+1	-4
95	0	-5
94	-1	-6
93	-2	-7
92	-3	-8
91	-4	-9
PWL<91	PWL - 100	PWL - 100

(b) Pavement Construction - Pay Adjustments.

The Engineer will determine the pavement construction pay adjustment by evaluating the construction of the pavement, based on the following parameter:

- Degree of compaction of the in-place material

Using the test values for the cores, the Engineer will use the following steps to determine the pavement construction pay adjustment for each lot of work.

1. Calculate the core bulk specific gravity values from the subplot tests values, to the nearest 0.001 unit. Obtain the Theoretical maximum Specific Gravity values from the corresponding laboratory subplot tests.
2. Calculate the Degree of Compaction:
Degree of Compaction =
 $((\text{Core Bulk Specific Gravity}) / (\text{Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity})) \times 100\%$ recorded to the nearest 0.1%.
3. The average compaction for the sublots shall be averaged together for the compaction level of the lot. The lots compaction test level shall be averaged and recorded to the nearest whole percent.
4. Locate the value of the Payment Adjustment Factor corresponding to the calculated degree of compaction from Table 5 or Table 5a.
5. Determine the pavement construction price adjustment by using the following formula:
Construction Pay adjustment = (Lot Quantity) x (Bid Price) x (Pay Adjustment Factor) x 30%.

Table 5: Compaction Price Adjustment Highway Locations		
Degree of Compaction (%)	Range	Pay Adjustment Factor (%)*
≥ 97.0	≥ 96.75	1
96.5	96.26 B 96.74	1
96.0	95.75 B 96.25	1
95.5	95.26 B 95.74	1
95.0	94.75 B 95.25	1
94.5	94.26 B 94.74	1
94.0	93.75 B 94.25	1
93.5	93.26 B 93.74	3
93.0	92.75 B 93.25	5
92.5	92.26 B 92.74	3
92.0	91.75 B 92.25	0
91.5	91.26 B 91.74	0
91.0	90.75 B 91.25	-5
90.5	90.26 B 90.74	-15
90.0	89.75 B 90.25	-20
89.5	89.26 B 89.74	-25

89.0	88.75 B 89.25	-30
88.5	88.26 B 88.74	-50
=<88.0	=<88.25	-100*

*remove and replace it at Engineer's discretion for Pay adjustment factor equal to -100% or breaking the mat by crushing aggregate or displacing mixture.

Table 5A: Compaction Price Adjustment Other ¹ Locations		
Degree of Compaction	Range	Pay Adjustment Factor (%)*
>= 97.0	>= 96.75	1
96.5	96.26 B 96.74	1
96.0	95.75 B 96.25	1
95.5	95.26 B 95.74	1
95.0	94.75 B 95.25	1
94.5	94.26 B 94.74	1
94.0	93.75 B 94.25	1
93.5	93.26 B 93.74	1
93.0	92.75 B 93.25	3
92.5	92.26 B 92.74	1
92.0	91.75 B 92.25	0
91.5	91.26 B 91.74	0
91.0	90.75 B 91.25	0
90.5	90.26 B 90.74	0
90.0	89.75 B 90.25	0
89.5	89.26 B 89.74	0
89.0	88.75 B 89.25	-1
88.5	88.26 B 88.74	-3
88.0	87.75 B 88.25	-5
87.5	87.26 B 87.74	-10
87.0	86.75 B 87.25	-15
86.5	86.26 B 86.74	-20
86.0	85.75 B 86.25	-25

85.5	85.26 B 85.74	-30
85.0	84.75 B 85.25	-40
84.5	84.26 B 84.74	-50
≤ 84.0	≤ 84.25	-100*

* remove and replace at Engineer's discretion for Pay adjustment factor equal to -100% or breaking the mat by crushing aggregate or displacing mixture.

¹This chart is to be used for areas where the structural value of the area to be paved is less than 1.75 as determined by the Engineer. See Appendix B - Method for Obtaining Cores for Determination of Roadway Structure. This chart is applicable to rehabilitation work only; full depth construction will not be considered for Table 5a.

.04 Dispute Resolution

Disputes or questions about any test result shall be brought to the attention of the Contractor and the Engineer within two operational days of reported test results. The following dispute resolution procedures will be used. The Engineer and the Contractor will review the sample quality, the test method, the laboratory equipment, and the laboratory technician. If these factors are not the cause of the dispute, a third-party dispute resolution will be used.

Third party resolution testing can be performed at either another Contractor's laboratory, the Engineer's laboratory, or an independent accredited laboratory. Unless otherwise mutually agreed upon by DAPA and the Engineer, the Engineer's qualified laboratory in Dover and qualified personnel shall conduct the necessary testing for third party Dispute Resolution after the Engineer has provided reasonable notice to allow the Contractor to witness this testing. When disputes over production testing occur, the samples used for Dispute Resolution testing will be those samples properly captured, labeled, and stored, as described in the second paragraph of the section of these specifications titled **.02 Acceptance Plan, (a) Material Production - Tests and Evaluations**. If no samples are available, the original testing results will be used for payment calculations.

Dispute Resolution samples for air void content will be heated by a microwave oven.

If there is a discrepancy between the Engineer's acceptance test result and the Contractor's test result, the Contractor may ask for the Dispute Resolution sample to be tested. The Contractor may request up to two dispute resolution samples be tested per calendar year without charge. Any additional Dispute Resolution samples run at the Contractor's request where the results substantiate the acceptance test result will be assessed a fee of \$125. Any additional Dispute Resolution samples that substantiate the Contractor's test result will not be assessed the fee.

When disputes over compaction core test results occur, the Engineer's acceptance core will be used for the dispute resolution sample. The Contractor will be advised on when the testing will occur as referenced above to witness the testing. The results of the dispute resolution testing shall replace all of the applicable disputed test results for payment purposes.

Appendix A - Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavement

Description.

This appendix describes the procedure required to repair core holes in a bituminous concrete pavement.

Materials and Equipment.

The following material shall be available to complete this work:

- Patch Material - DelDOT approved High Performance Cold Patch material shall be used.

The following equipment shall be available to complete this work:

- Sponge or other absorbent material - Used to extract water from the hole.
- Compaction Hammer - mechanical (electrical, pneumatic, or gasoline driven) tamping device with a flat, circular tamping face smaller than 6 inches in diameter.

Construction Method.

After core removal from the hole, remove all excess water from within the hole, and prevent water from re-entering the hole.

Place the patch material in lifts no greater than 3 inches and compact with mechanical tamping device. If the hole is deeper than 3 inches, use two lifts of approximately equal depths so that optimum compaction is achieved. Make sure that the patch surface matches the grade of the existing roadway. Make every effort to achieve the greatest possible compaction

Performance Requirements.

The Engineer will judge the patch on the following basis:

- The patch shall be well compacted
- The patch surface shall match the grade of the surrounding roadway surface.

Basis of Payment.

No measurement or payment will be made for the patching work. The Contractor must gain the Engineer's acceptance of the patching work before the Engineer will accept the material represented by the core.

Appendix B - Method for Obtaining Cores for Determination of Roadway Structure

The Contractor is responsible for obtaining cores in areas that they propose are eligible for compaction price adjustments according to Table 5a in this specification. Table 5a is not applicable for new full-depth pavement box construction. Cores submitted for this process shall be obtained according to the following process.

1. Contact Materials & Research (M&R) personnel to determine if information about the area is already available. If M&R has already obtained cores in the location that is being investigated, the contractor may opt to use the laboratory information for the investigation and not core the area on their own.
2. If M&R does not have information concerning the section of the roadway, the contractor needs to contact M&R to arrange for verification of coring operations. Arrangements shall be made to allow for an individual from M&R to be on the site when the cores are obtained. Cores will be turned over to M&R for evaluation.
3. The Contractor is responsible for providing all traffic control and repairing core holes in accordance to 401699 Appendix A - Repairing Core Holes in Bituminous Asphalt Pavements.
4. Cores are to be taken throughout the entire project for the area in question. Cores will be spaced, from the start of the project in increments determined based on field and project specifics. Cores will be evenly distributed throughout the project location. The cores will be taken in the center of the lane in question.
5. Additional cores may be taken at other locations, if surface conditions indicate that there may be a substantial difference in the underlying section. The location of these cores should be documented and submitted to M&R.
6. Cores shall be full depth and include underlying materials. If there is a stone base included in the pavement section, at a minimum 1 core must have information concerning the thickness of the base. This is determined by augering to the subgrade surface.
7. The calculations used to determine the structural capacity of the roadway is as follows. If the contractor finds, upon starting the coring process, that the areas are of greater thickness than applicable to Table 5a, they may terminate the coring process on their own and retract the request.

Structural Number Calculations

Each pavement box material is assigned a structural coefficient based upon AASHTO design guides. The structural coefficient is used to determine the total strength of the pavement section.

Materials used in older pavement sections are assigned lower structural coefficients to compensate for aging of the materials. The coefficients used to determine the structural number of an existing pavement are:

Existing Material	Structural Coefficient
HMA	0.32
Asphalt Treated Base	0.26
Soil Cement	0.16
Surface Treatment (Tar & Chip)	0.10
GABC	0.14
Concrete	0 - 0.7*

- * The Structural Coefficient of Concrete is dependent upon the condition of the concrete. Compressive strengths & ASR analysis are used to determine condition - contact the Engineer if this situation arises.

Newly placed materials use a different set of structural coefficients. They are as follows:

New Material	Structural Coefficient
HMA	0.40
Asphalt Treated Base (BCBC)	0.32
Soil Cement	0.20
GABC	0.14

Example:

Location includes placement of a 1.25" Type C overlay on 2.25" Type B. Existing roadway is cored and is shown to consist of 2" HMA on 7" GABC.

Calculation:

For the Type B lift the calculation would be:

Existing HMA	$2 * 0.32$	=	0.64
GABC	$7 * 0.14$	=	0.98
			<u>1.62</u>

For the Type C lift the calculation would be:

Newly Placed B	$2.25 * 0.4$	=	0.90
Existing HMA	$2 * 0.32$	=	0.64
GABC	$7 * 0.14$	=	0.98
			<u>2.52</u>

4/21/2026

503503 - PATCHING CONCRETE

Description:

This item consists of providing and placing Portland Cement Concrete, in accordance with Section 503 and/or as modified under this contract. This item may also be used in areas of composite pavements (hot-mix over concrete) if the contractor elects to pour the concrete patch flush with existing hot-mix pavement to eliminate grade differential.

Materials:

A. PCC, Class A	Section 1022
B. Curing Materials	Section 1022
C. Load Transfer Devices	Section 1037
D. Joint Sealants	Section 1042
E. Epoxy Grout	Section 1047

Construction:

- A. PCC shall be provided and placed in accordance with Section 503.
- B. Additional depth will be as directed by the engineer but shall not exceed 6-inches in depth.
- C. After removal of the existing PCC pavement, if the base material is unsuitable or washed out, the unsuitable material shall be excavated, and the void replaced with the same concrete used in the patch area.
 1. Additional depth shall not exceed 6-inches from the bottom of the existing PCC Pavement.
 2. Excessive moisture remaining after excavation, shall require construction of a pipe underdrain system, when directed by the engineer and as shown on the plans.

Method of Measurement:

- A. The department will measure the quantity of concrete patching as the actual number of square yards per inch of thickness of additional thickness either above or below the existing concrete pavement.
- B. The area measured shall be the square yards on the surface of the base course and the depth measured in inches from either top or bottom of the original PCC pavement as determined from the adjacent pavement.
 1. The depth shall be as directed by the engineer but shall not exceed 6-inches in measurement or payment.

Basis of Payment:

- A. The quantity of concrete patching will be paid for at the contract fixed price of \$7.10 per square yard per inch of thickness. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for:
 1. Providing and placing additional depth of concrete.

2. All labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals to complete the item.
- B. The quantity of additional thickness of concrete poured in field above the thickness specified on the PCC Patching Plans for concrete patching under items:
1. 503001 - Patching PCC Pavement, 6-feet to 15-feet, Type A
 2. 503002 - Patching PCC Pavement, Greater than 15-feet to 100-feet, Type B
 3. Will be paid for at a fixed rate of \$5.65 per square yard per inch of thickness.
- C. All excavation below the bottom of existing pavement shall be paid for under the item "Undercut Excavation, Patching".

10/24/2022

760503 - PAVEMENT MILLING, PATCHING

Description:

This work consists of milling the existing bituminous concrete pavement patch areas at the locations and to the depths shown on the plans and/or as directed by the engineer.

Construction Methods:

Section 760 Pavement Milling of the Standard Specifications shall be applicable to this item, except the milled patch areas must be paved with material designated on the plans flush with the adjacent pavement prior to opening to traffic.

Method of Measurement:

- A. The Department will measure the quantity of pavement milling, patching in square yard per inch of depth.
- B. Any additional depth, not approved by the engineer in writing, will not be measured.

Basis of Payment:

- A. The Department will pay for pavement milling, patching at the contract unit price per square yard per inch of depth. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for:
 - 1. Milling or planning the existing pavement;
 - 2. removing and disposing of milled material; and
 - 3. all labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals to complete the Work.

10/03/2022

763518 - CONNECTED MACHINERY**Description:**

This work consists of providing electronic data for telematic-equipped machinery within the project limits.

General Requirements:

Connect telematic-equipped machinery to the Department's eConstruction Portal using the Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) or approved telematic vendor's open Application Programming Interface (API), in accordance with ISO 15143-3. Transmit data when the machinery's engine is running. Transmit updated data at least every five minutes to the Department's portal.

Submittals:

- A. Provide the following information prior to the first chargeable day of work:
1. Product Data: The OEM or telematic vendor(s) technical literature for each system to be utilized on the project.
 2. Open API Data: The OEM or telematic vendor(s) technical literature for the open API to be utilized on the project.
 3. A list of the applicable machinery expected to be utilized on the project.

Data Connection:

- A. Upon establishing a data connection with the Department's Portal, provide the following telematics data as follows:

<u>Data Element</u>	<u>Example</u>
OEM Name	Case IH
Model	Puma® 165
EquipmentID	HACT7210HMD101469
Location datetime	2021-09-16T19:17:47Z
Latitude	26.51067
Longitude	-80.63166
EngineStatus datetime	2021-09-16T19:17:47Z
Running	True
Cumulative Engine Hours	6939.95
Cumulative Fuel Consumption	6922
Fuel Consumption UOM	Gal
Fuel datetime	2021-09-16T19:17:47Z

- B. API malfunction or disconnection shall be reported immediately. Rectify any malfunction or disconnection of the API within 24 hours.

Optional Data:

The following telematics data fields may be provided, depending upon equipment type and information availability, but are not required and shall be considered optional:

<u>Data Element</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Equipment Type</u>
Heading in Degrees	-168	All
Speed	2.4	All
Speed UOM	MPH	All
Width	12.0	Paver
Width UOM	Ft	Paver
Depth	2.5	Paver, Miller
Depth UOM	In	Paver, Miller
Drum RPM	109	Miller

Applicability of Machinery:

- A. The following machinery must be connected to the Department's eConstruction Portal:
1. Asphalt Roadway Pavers (excluding sidewalk pavers)
 2. Asphalt cold milling machinery (excluding skid steer or loaded mounted cold planning equipment)
- B. If equipped with telematics, the following machinery may be connected to the Department's eConstruction Portal.
1. Tandem Rollers
 2. Vibratory Soil Compactors
 3. Backhoes
 4. Loaders
 5. Excavators

Method of Measurement:

The Department will not measure connected machinery.

Basis of Payment:

- A. The Department will pay for connected machinery at the contract lump sum price. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for establishing and maintaining the connection between the OEM or telematic vendor and the Department's eConstruction Portal, for all equipment.
- B. The Department will not pay to retrofit equipment to provide optional data fields.

03/19/2024

763520 - ELECTRONIC TICKETING**Description:**

This work consists of providing electronic data for material weight tickets delivered to the project. This work also consists of placing an identifying vehicle number on the driver side and the passenger or rear sides of the delivery vehicle. This does not preclude or dismiss any requirement for paper tickets required by the Standard Specifications or other rules and regulations.

General Requirements:

- A. Send electronic tickets (eTicket) to the Department's Electronic Ticketing Portal <https://tickets.deldot.gov> as they are generated. The Department will reject any load that does not have a corresponding eTicket unless the cause is beyond the contractor's control. In such circumstances paper tickets may be permitted at the discretion of the engineer.
- B. Payment for material weight delivered to the project will be based upon the eTickets marked "*Delivered*", less waste, excess material weight as noted in 105.12 of the Standard Specifications, and any audit corrections.
- C. Do not reissue or reprint tickets that have been marked "*Delivered*" or "*Rejected*" without first notifying the engineer. The engineer may reject a reissued or reprinted ticket at their discretion. When a reissued or reprinted ticket is rejected, payment will be based upon the original ticket.

Data Integration:

Request a list of the Department's naming nomenclature. Include in the request an identification of what system the supplier utilizes for its load read-out weighing system. If necessary, create an Application Programming Interface (API) to integrate with the Department's eTicketing Portal. Utilize the API to provide electronic data from the load read-out weighing system at the material source that is readable by the Department's eTicketing Portal. Update the load read-out weighing system and API as necessary to maintain connection the Department's eTicketing Portal.

The data shall be provided as follows:

Reference Field No.	Description	Examples	Data Type	Required
1	Ticket Number	5126349, 101R, 539-19	String	Yes
2	Contract Number	T202011001	String	Yes

3	Contract Name (Job)	Walnut Street Streetscape Improvements	String	Yes
4	Contractor Name (Customer)	Mumford & Miller, Inc.; A Del Construction	String	Yes
5	Supplier Name	River Asphalt; Allan Myers Materials	String	Yes
6	Supplier Plant	Plant #1 Dagsboro; Dover Asphalt	String	Yes
7	Job Number (Location)	Task 1; Location 5	String	Yes
8	Weigh Master Name	Johnny Scales	String	Yes
9	Weigh Master ID	1234567	String	Yes
10	Left Intentionally Blank			No
11	Mix Design ID (Product)	1628p; AM-WILM-29 76-22	String	Yes
12	Material Type (Product Description)	9.5mm top; 19MM 76-22 NON CARB	String	Yes
13	Item No. (Product Code)	401005; 401016	String	Yes
14	Load Number	75	Number	Yes
15	Identifying Vehicle Number	T-1	String	Yes
16	Hauler	John Doe Trucking	String	Yes
17	Legal Gross Vehicle Weight	73,280	Number	Yes
18	Loading Date & Time	2020-06-15T13:45:30	String	Yes
19	Gross Weight	72,980	Number	Yes
20	Net Weight	27,900	Number	Yes
21	Truck Tare Weight	45,080	Number	Yes
22	Void	280	Number	No
23	Daily Running Total	44.43	Number	Yes

All provided weights shall be accurate to 0.01 tons.

Loads which do not have the required data shall be rejected.

Setup and Calibration:

Conduct a test of each supplier's integration with the Department's eTicketing Portal prior to shipping material. Complete test at least 14 days prior to shipping material unless otherwise approved by the engineer. The test must involve at least four calibration eTickets from each supplier approved for use on the project. The calibration eTickets must accurately reflect the categories 1-7 shown above; all other categories shall be marked "TEST". After the engineer confirms the calibration eTickets have been entered into the Department's eTicket Portal, void the eTickets with the reason "*Calibration Testing*".

Uptime:

Uptime reliability of the material supplier's ticketing system must be 99.5% over any 30-day rolling period. Uptime is defined as the ability for the Department to receive electronic tickets within a maximum of 10 minutes from when the ticket was created.

Load Identification:

Ensure the identifying vehicle numbers on the delivery vehicle correspond to the ticket. Place the numbers on the delivery vehicles such that at least one can be safely read from within the work area. Delivery vehicles without identifying vehicle numbers shall be rejected.

Method of Measurement:

The Department will not measure electronic ticketing.

Basis of Payment:

- A. The cost associated with creating and maintaining an API, providing electronic ticketing data, and placing identifying vehicle numbers on the delivery vehicles is incidental to the item being placed.
- B. The Department will make no payment for material that is rejected.

01/18/2022

763621 - CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING, REHABILITATION

Description:

- A. Collect survey information and provide layout in accordance with the contract. Assume full responsibility for any errors and/or omissions in the work of all engineering staff employed.
- B. Provide and have available for the project adequate engineering staff that is:
 - 1. Competent and experienced to set lines and grades needed to construct the project.
 - 2. Able to perform the work to the scope and magnitude outlined herein.
 - 3. Construction engineering functions and requirements:
 - a. Provide all necessary surveying equipment required for all engineering work on the project.
 - i. Check all equipment/instruments prior to use on the project.
 - ii. Immediately replace or recalibrate equipment found to be out of adjustment or inadequate to perform its function to the satisfaction of the engineer.
 - b. Perform all computations necessary to establish the exact position of the work from control points and preserve.
 - i. Maintain adequate workbooks of all computations survey notes and other records.
 - ii. Make available to the Department, neat and legible, all computations, survey notes and other records necessary to accomplish the work.
 - c. Provide preliminary topographic survey for all proposed curb ramp locations identified in the Plans and the layout of grade information required by the engineer for curb ramp construction.
 - d. Obtain topographic information a minimum of 25 feet in each direction from the back of curb at proposed curb ramp locations.
 - i. Grades for the edge of pavement, gutter line (if applicable), top of curb, front and back edge of sidewalk, existing obstructions such as utility poles, junction wells, traffic poles and cabinets, manholes, valves, fire hydrants, drainage inlets, steps, retaining walls, building faces or other obstructions that are directly adjacent or within the proposed curb ramp limits.
 - ii. Collect data in a format that is compatible with the Departments design standards and submit to the engineer for evaluation of curb ramps that are located in areas with multiple obstructions, limited area, or other unique characteristics that require more detailed layout. The engineer will provide the final grades for construction of these curb ramps.

- iii. Establish necessary grades to ensure all proposed curb ramps, roadways or ditches, installation of drainage structures, or other items of work as determined by the engineer, have positive drainage.

C. Professional services performed under this item by individuals/firms other than the Contractor are not subject to the subcontracting requirements of Subsection 108.1.

Method of Measurement:

The Department will measure construction engineering - rehabilitation as the actual number of hours the survey crew is in the field actively engaged in construction engineering - rehabilitation work.

Basis of Payment:

The Department will pay for construction engineering - rehabilitation at the contract unit price per hour. Price and payment constitutes full compensation for providing all labor, equipment, instruments, stakes, and other material necessary to satisfactorily complete the Work.

7/20/23

763626 - DIESEL FUEL COST PRICE ADJUSTMENT**Description:**

This section defines the criteria for payments to the Contractor to reflect increases or decreases in the cost of diesel fuel consumed in the performance of applicable construction work.

Contract Applicability:

To have the Diesel Fuel Cost Price Adjustment provisions apply to this project, a properly completed Diesel Fuel Cost Price Adjustment Option form must be submitted to the Department with the Bidder's bid proposal. If a properly completed Diesel Fuel Cost Price Adjustment Option form is not provided by the bidder, the Department will consider the option to apply the Diesel Fuel Cost Price Adjustment provisions for the project to be declined. No further opportunity to elect Diesel Fuel Cost Price Adjustment for the project will be made available.

Price Adjustment Provisions:

A. These price adjustment provisions apply to contract items in the contract schedule of prices as grouped by category. Specific pay items to be adjusted are attached as an appendix to this Special Provision. General category descriptions and the fuel usage factors which are applicable to each are as follows:

1. Categories:

Category	Description	Applicability
A	Earthwork	The combined total of applicable item plan quantities must exceed 5,000 CY.
B	Subbase and Aggregate Base Courses	The combined total of applicable item plan quantities must exceed 500 tons.
C	Bituminous Materials (Bases and Pavements)	The combined total of applicable item plan quantities must exceed 500 tons.
D	Rigid Materials (Bases and Pavements)	The combined total of applicable plan quantities must exceed 5,000 CY.
E	Structures	Contract items will be based upon the total value of work performed for each structure including any associated work, i.e. items not grouped under Categories A thru D.

2. Diesel Fuel Usage Factors:

Category	Description	Factor	Units
A	Earthwork	0.34	Gallons per CY
B	Subbase and Aggregate Base Course	0.64	Gallons per Ton
C	Flexible Bases & Pavements	2.98	Gallons per Ton
D	Rigid Bases & Pavements	0.98	Gallons per CY
E	Structures	6.76	Gallons per \$1,000 of work performed

Category	Conversion	Factor
B	SY to ton	90 lbs/sy-in
C	SY to ton	112.5 lbs/sy-in
D	SY to CY	Inches of depth/36

3. Delaware Posted Diesel Fuel Price will be issued monthly by the Department at https://deldot.gov/Business/bids/index.shtml?dc=diesel_fuel.

- a. The Project Base Price Index (FB) is the index price posted by the Department on the project advertisement date in \$/gallon.
- b. The Fuel Price Index for adjustment (FP), will be the index price posted by the department monthly in \$/gallon.

Price Adjustment Determination:

A. The following criteria and conditions will be considered in determining a price adjustment for diesel fuel cost fluctuations on a monthly basis.

1. Unit Price Adjustment Calculation.

- a. When the ratio FP/FB is calculated to be less than 0.95 or calculated to be greater than

1.05, the Department will adjust unit bid price prices in accordance with the following formula:

$$AUP = (FP-FB)(F)+(UBP)$$

where:

AUP = Adjusted Unit Price

FP = Fuel Price Index for the month in which prices are adjusted for applicable construction work.

FB = Project Base Price Index

F = Diesel Fuel Usage Factor (See above chart in section 1.2 for usage factors.)

UBP = Unit Bid Price specified in the Contractor's Bid Proposal

Payment of Adjusted Unit Prices:

- A. The unit bid prices of work items affected by the fuel escalation will be adjusted by change order, either up or down. The Diesel Fuel Price Index will be used for all the applicable items performed during the monthly period.
- B. If the Contractor exceeds the authorized allotted completion time, the adjusted item prices on the last authorized allotted calendar day or working day shall be the prices used during the time liquidated damages are assessed. However, if the posted price for diesel fuel goes down, the item prices shall be adjusted downward accordingly.
- C. Upon completion of the work and determination of final pay quantities, an adjusting work order will be prepared to reconcile any difference between estimated quantities previously paid and the final quantities. In this situation, the value for FP used in the price adjustment formula will be the average of all FP's previously used for computing price adjustments.
- D. The Department reserves the right to inspect the records of the prime contractor and its subcontractors and material suppliers to ascertain actual pricing and cost information for the diesel fuel used in the performance of applicable items of work.
- E. When applicable items of work, as specified herein, are added to the contract as Extra Work in accordance with the provisions of Section 104.2.E, no price adjustment will be made for fluctuations in the cost of diesel fuel consumed in the performance of the extra work, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The current price for diesel fuel is to be used when preparing required backup data for extra work to be performed at a negotiated price. For extra work performed on force account basis,

reimbursement for material and equipment along with specified overhead and profit markups will be considered to include full compensation for the current cost of diesel fuel. Any Price Increases or Price Rebates that are calculated based on items of work performed by subcontractors will be added to or deducted from payments due to the Contractor in the appropriate pay period. The Contractor shall then accurately record on the appropriate CN-103 form the additions or deductions into adjusted contract value. The Contractor shall make payment to the subcontractor(s) who actually performed the work in accordance with DelCode Title 17, Chapter 8.

4/25/22

Appendix -- Item 763626 Diesel Fuel Cost Adjustment

Item No./s

Category A: Earthwork
Excavation & Embankment, Borrow
(total qty must exceed 5000 CY) N/A

Category B: Subbase and Agg.
GABC, PTB, Soil Cement Base
(total qty must exceed 500 T) N/A

Category C: Flexible Bases and Pavements
Warm Mix Asphalts
(total qty must exceed 500 T) 401014, 401029, 401030, 401047

Category D: Rigid Bases and Pavements
Concrete, P.C.C. Patching
(total qty must exceed 5000 CY) N/A

Category E: Structures
Bridges, Large P.C.C. Structures N/A

801500 – MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC, REHABILITATION

DESCRIPTION:

This work consists of providing temporary traffic control to maintain vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian traffic through the project work zone where roadway and/or full sidewalk detours are specified to be used for completion of repair work.

MATERIALS:

- A. Crashworthy temporary traffic control devices in accordance with current AASHTO MASH standards.
- B. Category I through Category III temporary traffic control devices - Certification of compliance with MASH required.
 - 1. Category I devices - The manufacturer or contractor may self-certify that the devices meet the MASH criteria.
 - 2. Category II and III devices - MASH eligibility letter, including all applicable attachments required for each type of device.
- C. Submit documentation requesting approval of temporary traffic control devices 14 days before the start of work. Submission requirements and instructions for source information are listed on DelDOT's website: <https://deldot.gov/Business/prodlists/index.shtml>. The Department approves temporary traffic control devices based on:
 - 1. Self-Certification
 - 2. Approved products lists

CONSTRUCTION:

- A. Place temporary traffic control devices in accordance with the contract and DE MUTCD. Follow the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Maintain temporary traffic control devices throughout the project duration. Replace damaged temporary traffic control devices within 24 hours of notification or when directed by the engineer.
- C. Maintain temporary traffic control devices at a minimum in a "marginal" condition in accordance with the brochure entitled "Quality Guidelines for Temporary Traffic Control Devices," available from the American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA). The engineer may reject a temporary traffic control device that does not meet the "marginal" condition.
- D. Temporary traffic control devices are the contractor's property unless otherwise indicated in the contract.
- E. General Temporary Traffic Control and Traffic Maintenance.
 - 1. Maintain a work zone that protects the travelling public and persons working on the project. If

necessary, implement additional safety measures not expressly required by the contract to ensure the safety of all persons.

2. The contractor may adjust longitudinal dimensions for maintenance of traffic configurations to fit field conditions.
3. Inventory existing signs within the contract limits
 - a. Maintain existing signs that must remain in place during the project as noted in the contract or as directed by the engineer.
 - b. Remove other existing signs and store.
4. Always maintain access within the project limits for businesses and residences
 - a. Coordinate temporary driveway or entrance closures for tie-in purposes with the engineer and the property owner in advance of the closures.
5. Regarding bus stops, unless otherwise directed by the contract or the engineer:
 - a. Maintain an area for the bus vehicle to safely pick-up and drop-off passengers.
 - b. Provide an accessible path for pedestrians to safely access the bus stop.
6. Maintain existing access for bicycles and pedestrians. If temporary sidewalk closures are necessary, install pedestrian detours in accordance with the DE MUTCD. Damage to existing sidewalk will be repaired at the Contractor's expense. Clear sidewalks of all construction debris at the end of each workday.
7. Conduct construction operations in a manner that minimizes delays to traffic.
 - a. Follow the requirements of the memorandum titled, "Temporary Traffic Control within Intersections," of the DE MUTCD for work within intersections or in close proximity to intersections.
 - b. Schedule work in the vicinity of traffic signals to minimize the time during which the signal operates without detection.
 - c. Set temporary traffic control devices on the work zone side of the pavement marking, if possible, when closing a lane adjacent to an open lane.
 - d. Do not close lanes unless a construction activity requiring a lane closure is taking place or will take place within 1 hour of closure, except for buffer lanes on high volume or high-speed roadways. Reopen lanes immediately upon completing the work. Shorten the lane closure for moving operations as work progresses, and as traffic conditions warrant, to keep the length of the closure to a minimum. Conduct construction operations in a manner that minimizes disruption to traffic during peak hours and periods of heavy traffic flow. The Department will stop the contractor's operations if, in the opinion of the engineer, such operations are unnecessarily impeding traffic.

- F. Notification to the engineer for road closures and detours.
 - 1. Submit notification no less than 14 calendar days before the start of detours and road closures.
 - 2. Obtain the approval of the chief traffic engineer, or designee, a minimum of 48 hours in advance of proposed restrictions beyond those specified in the contract.
- G. Written notice to property owners, businesses, and residents.
 - 1. Provide written notice 48 hours in advance of the start of construction work including the following:
 - a. The scope of work, working hours, anticipated start and completion dates, and a summary of construction activities that might interfere with property access.
 - b. A schedule and access coordination plan.
 - c. The contractor's name, address, and a Department contact phone number.
- H. Provide written verification to the engineer that the property owners and residents were notified.
- I. Failure to give proper notice may result in suspension of work in accordance with Section 104.8 of the standard specifications.
- J. Before obstructing a fire hydrant, notify the local 911 center and provide the engineer with written confirmation of the notice.
- K. Keep lanes open for a period of time that depends on the day of the week that the legal or observed holiday falls. The following schedule determines the periods of time the lanes must remain open, unless otherwise allowed by the contract:

TABLE 1: DAY OF HOLIDAY LANE CLOSURES

<i>Day of holiday or event</i>	<i>Time all lanes must be open to traffic</i>
Sunday	12:00 PM Friday through 5:59 AM Monday
Monday	12:00 PM Friday through 11:59 PM Monday
Tuesday	12:00 PM Monday through 11:59 PM Tuesday
Wednesday	12:00 PM Tuesday through 11:59 PM Wednesday
Thursday	12:00 PM Wednesday through 11:59 PM Thursday
Thursday (Thanksgiving)	6:00 AM Wednesday through 11:59 PM Sunday
Friday	12:00 PM Thursday through 5:59 AM Monday
Saturday	12:00 PM Friday through 5:59 AM Monday

- L. Do not close travel lanes or roads within 1 mile of a designated polling place during the primary and general elections that fall during an even numbered year.
- M. Follow all additional restrictions that may apply as noted in the contract or as directed by the engineer.
- N. The Department will consider failure to comply with the requirements of this section as justification for suspension of work in accordance with Section 104.2.D of the standard specifications. The Department will continue assessing time charges until the contractor corrects the deficiencies.
- O. Non-compliance includes:

1. Failure to correct deficiencies within 24 hours of written deficiency notices related to temporary traffic control.
2. Non-compliance with the DE MUTCD or the contract.
3. Unsafe operations.
4. Placement of non-compliant temporary traffic control devices.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT:

The Department will not measure this item.

BASIS OF PAYMENT:

- A. The Department will pay for temporary traffic control at the lump sum contract price. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for:
 1. Maintenance of traffic activities accepted by the engineer;
 2. supply, installation, maintaining, and removing maintenance of traffic devices, including, but not limited to:
 - a. temporary warning signs and plaques;
 - b. plastic drums;
 - c. traffic cones;
 - d. arrow panels; and
 - e. truck mounted attenuators.
 3. submitting TTCPs;
 4. submitting certifications;
 5. correcting edge drop-offs; and
 6. a certified ATSSA traffic control supervisor.
- B. No additional payment will be made to move temporary traffic control devices in accordance with the TTCPs or as necessary to address safety issues as included in this item.

04/29/2026

806500 – TRAFFIC OFFICERS

Description:

In accordance with Section 806.1.

Materials:

Not applicable.

Construction:

In accordance with Section 806.3.

Method of Measurement:

In accordance with Section 806.4.

Basis of Payment:

- A. The Department will pay for traffic officers at the contract unit price per hour. Price and payment constitute full compensation for providing traffic officers, vehicles, and equipment.
- B. For bidding purposes, the Department has fixed the unit price at \$180.00 per hour. The Department will pay for traffic officers based on a submitted invoice from the police department plus 10 percent.

07/17/2025

834501 - PARTIAL REMOVAL OF CONCRETE POLE BASES AND CABINET
FOUNDATIONS

DESCRIPTION:

This work consists of the removal of concrete pole bases and concrete cabinet foundations.

MATERIALS:

Borrow, Type F Section 1001

CONSTRUCTION METHODS:

- A. Remove and dispose of masonry to a depth of 24-inches below final grade in accordance with Section 211.
- B. Backfill voids created by removing obstructions in accordance with Section 207.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT:

The Department will measure the quantity of partial removal of concrete pole bases and cabinet foundations in cubic yards of concrete removed.

BASIS OF PAYMENT:

- A. The Department will pay for partial removal of concrete pole bases and cabinet foundations at the contract unit price per cubic yard of concrete removed. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for removal of:
1. PCC masonry;
 2. anchor bolts;
 3. reinforcing bars;
 4. conduits; and
 5. any other hardware within the concrete.

03/17/2023

STATEMENTS

Included on the following pages:

UTILITY STATEMENTS

RIGHT-OF-WAY STATEMENTS

ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENTS

RAILROAD STATEMENTS



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

SHANTÉ A. HASTINGS
SECRETARY

UTILITY STATEMENT
DECEMBER 19, 2025
STATE CONTRACT NO.: T202606301
PROJECT I.D. NO.: 2025-00167
F.A.P. NO.: NH-2026(01)
PAVEMENT REHABILITATION, SUSSEX I, (US 13 NB & SB DELMAR TO LAUREL) 2026
SUSSEX COUNTY

Utility involvement is not anticipated for the work associated with this project. All proposed improvements outlined in the contract documents shall be adjusted in the field to avoid any and all existing aerial and underground utility facilities, this includes private utility facilities. All existing utility facilities will remain in place and active throughout the duration of the contract. No working/existing utility facilities can be taken out of service. The contractor must use care when performing all temporary and permanent work to avoid impact to underground and overhead utilities.

Should any conflicts be encountered as a result of the State Contractor's means and methods during construction requiring adjustment and/or relocation, the necessary relocation work shall be accomplished by the respective utility company and funded by the State's Contractor as directed by the District Engineer. Following contract award date, the State's Contractor shall coordinate any and all potential changes including, but not limited to, identification of potential field conflict; changes in project construction scope; changes in construction phasing; or changes in contractor means and methods of construction with required parties, including the District Engineer and Utility Companies, for approval prior to finalizing and performing work. The State's Contractor shall provide utility companies with adequate notice (not less than 30 calendar days) prior to performing work once approved.

Any utility potential conflicts shall be coordinated by the State Contractor once the conflict is recognized. The time to complete any relocations/adjustments found to be necessary during construction of the highway project will depend on the nature of the work.

Once the State's contractor has given the Utility the advance notice required above, it is the responsibility of the State's contractor to have the work area prepared and accessible for the Utility to perform the tasks listed above. If the site conditions are not ready and the state contractor has given notice to the utility on when the work is to be accomplished, the State's Contractor shall be

responsible for any extra cost incurred by the utility company and the State Contractor shall also be responsible for any time delays. Between when the required notice is given to the Utility and when the work is performed and completed, the coordination and scheduling of the Utility is the sole responsibility of the State's Contractor. All costs related to the coordination and scheduling of the utilities is incidental to the contract.

Any adjustments and/or relocations of municipally or county owned sewer or water facilities shall be performed by the State's Contractor in accordance with the respective agency's standard specifications as directed by the District Engineer. The State contractor shall coordinate any potential conflicts of municipally or county owned sewer or water facilities with facility owners and provide adequate notice to the municipally or county and to the District Engineer prior to performing work.

The State's contractor shall adjust any at grade features such as valve boxes, manholes, and handholes to match the surface elevation and slope as outlined in the contract documents. Under no circumstances shall any valve box, manhole, handhole, or other at grade structure be paved over, filled, or knocked out of vertical alignment during construction.

General Notes:

1. **The Contractor's attention is directed to Section 105.9 of the DelDOT Standard Specifications (see the contract documents for applicable date/version to reference). The Contractor shall contact Delmarva811 (previously known as Miss Utility of Delmarva) at 1-800-282-8555 at least two working days prior to any excavation. The Contractor is responsible for the support and protection of all utilities when excavating. The Contractor is also responsible for ensuring proper clearances, including safety clearances, from overhead utilities for construction equipment. The Contractor is advised to check the site for access purposes for proposed equipment and, if necessary, make arrangements directly with the utility companies for field adjustments for adequate clearances.**
2. **The information shown in the Contract Documents, including the Utility Statement and the Utility Schedule contained herein, concerning the location, type and size of existing and proposed utilities, their locations, and construction timing has been compiled by the preparer based on information furnished by each of the involved Utility Companies. It shall be the responsibility of the State's Contractor to verify all information and coordinate with the Utility Companies prior to and during construction, as specified in Section 105.9 of the Standard Specifications.**
3. **It is understood and agreed that the Contractor has considered in his bid all permanent and temporary utility appurtenances in their present and relocated positions as shown on the plans or described in the Utility Statement or are readily discernible and that no additional compensation will be allowed for any delays, inconvenience, or damage due to any interference from the utility facilities and appurtenances or the operation of moving them, except that the Contractor may be granted an equitable extension of time. The Contractor's means and method of construction are not taken into account when known utility conflicts are identified. If the Contractor's means and method of construction create a utility conflict the Utility Statement will prevail in discussions with the utility and the Contractor.**

4. The State's Contractor shall be responsible for any costs associated with any temporary outages; holding, bracing of utility facilities; temporary relocations; or permanent relocations that are not specifically identified in this Utility Statement or shown in the contract plan set. It is important to note that Delmarva Power will not insulate or otherwise rubber up any power lines for any purposes.
5. The State's Contractor is responsible for rough grading as required by the roadway construction prior to the Utility Company's placing their proposed facilities, unless otherwise indicated on the plans and/or outlined elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
6. Coordination and cooperation among the Utility Companies and the State's Contractor are of prime importance. Therefore, the Contractor is directed to contact the following Utility Company representatives with any questions regarding this work prior to submitting bids and work schedules. Proposed work schedules should reflect the Utility Companies' proposed relocations. The Utility Companies and their contractors do not work on nights, weekends, or legal holidays.

NAME	COMPANY	PHONE	EMAIL
Mike Sullivan	Comcast Cable	302-752-6025	mike_sullivan2@comcast.com
Garth Jones	Chesapeake Utilities	302-213-7455	gjones@chpk.com
Ryan Shockley	Delaware Elec Cooperative	302-349-0723	rshockley@delaware.coop
Bill McBane	Delmarva Power Electric	267-533-0341	bill.mcbane@delmarva.com
Mark Parker	Eastern Shore Natural Gas	302-373-4715	maparker@esng.com
George Cassidy	Everstream	610-656-9417	gcassidy@everstream.net
James Foskey	Town of Laurel	302-875-2277	laurelpwd@comcast.net
Ernie Padovani	Verizon Delaware	302-434-6527	ernest.a.padovani@verizon.com

7. As outlined in Chapter 4 of the DelDOT Utilities Manual, individual utility companies are responsible for obtaining all required permits from municipal, State and federal government agencies and railroads prior to performing their work. This includes but is not limited to water quality permits/DNREC Water Quality Certification, DNREC Subaqueous Lands/Wetlands permits, DNREC Coastal Zone Consistency Certification, County Floodplain permits (New Castle County only), U.S. Coast Guard permits, US Army Corps 404 permits, sediment and erosion permits, and railroad crossing permits.
8. Individual utility companies are required to restore any areas disturbed in conjunction with their relocation work. If an area is disturbed by a utility company and is not properly restored, the Department may have the State's Contractor perform the necessary restoration. Any additional costs incurred as a result will be forwarded to the utility company.
9. 16 Del. C., Chapter 74B, § 7405B requires notification to and mutually agreeable measures from the public utility operating the electric line for the any person intending to carry on any function, activity, work, or operation within dangerous proximity of any high voltage overhead electric lines. 16 Del. C., Chapter 74B, § 7402B

defines “dangerous proximity” as “a distance up to and including 10 feet of high-voltage lines, or within such greater distances as may be set forth in the current editions and any subsequent revisions of the regulations of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (29 C.F.R. § 1902.1 et seq.) and the National Electrical Safety Code.” With that, all contractors/other utilities must maintain a minimum distance of 10 feet from all overhead energized lines unless otherwise required in OSHA or the NESC.

10. Any existing facilities that are comprised of hazardous materials will be removed by the Utility Company unless otherwise outlined in the contract documents or language above. Any existing facilities containing hazardous materials will be purged by the Utility Company unless otherwise outlined in the contract documents or language above.
11. In conjunction with bid preparation and prior to starting work, the State’s Contractor shall confirm with all respective Utility Companies noted in this Utility Statement to have advance utility relocations that the advance relocations have in fact been accomplished as summarized herein.
12. Contractors are not permitted to draw water from any hydrant for any use, without the written permission of the municipality/water company having jurisdiction and proper metering and backflow prevention equipment in place.
13. Under no circumstances shall any valve box, manhole, handhole, or other at grade structure be paved over, filled, or knocked out of alignment during construction.

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

John Guthrie
Utility Section, DelDOT

John.Guthrie@delaware.gov
Email

02/18/2026
Date



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

SHANTÉ A. HASTINGS
SECRETARY

RIGHT OF WAY CERTIFICATE
STATE PROJECT NO. T202606301
F.A.P. NO. NH-2026(01)

PAVEMENT & REHABILITATION SUSSEX I
US13 NB & SB, DELMAR TO LAUREL, 2026
SUSSEX COUNTY

Certificate of Right-of-Way Status – 100%

Level 1

As required by 23 CFR, Part 635, and other pertinent Federal and State regulations or laws, the following certifications are hereby made in reference to this highway project:

All project construction or work shall be performed within existing rights of way and permanent easements; and

All necessary real property interests, including control of access rights when pertinent, were acquired as part of previous highway projects, and include legal and physical possession; and,

This project does not cause any persons to be displaced as defined in 49 CFR, Part 24; and,

The State has the right to remove, salvage, or demolish any improvements or personal property that may be located within project limits.

RIGHT OF WAY SECTION

A handwritten signature in blue ink, reading "Monroe C. Hite, III".

Monroe C. Hite, III
Chief of Right of Way

December 3, 2025



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

SHANTÉ A. HASTINGS
SECRETARY

February 17, 2026

ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS
FOR

State Contract No.: **T202606301**

Federal Aid No.: **NH-2026(01)**

Contract Title: **PAR, Sussex I, US 13NB and SB, Delmar to Laurel, 2026**

In accordance with the procedural provisions for implementing the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, the referenced project has been processed through the Department's Environmental Review Procedures and has been classified as a Class II Action/Level C

Class II Action / Level C
CE action: **23 CFR 771.117 (c)(22)**

Environmental (NEPA) Approval Date: 2/4/2026

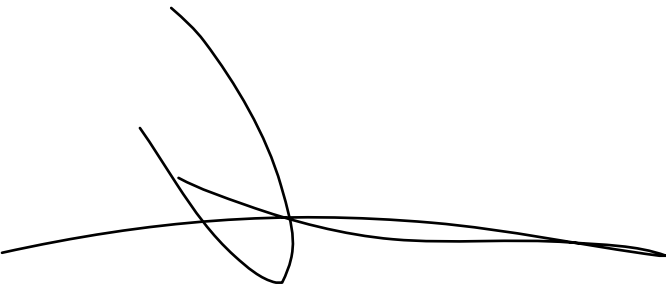
Due to the nature of the proposed construction activities, permits are not required for this project. However, the following construction requirements and special provisions have been developed to minimize and mitigate impact to the surrounding environs. These requirements by DelDOT, not specified within the contract, are listed below. These requirements are the responsibility of the contractor and are subject to risk of shut down at the contractor's expense if not followed.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

1. As locations are identified they will be submitted to the Environmental Studies Office to determine if there is any historical significance associated with the location and what if any cultural compliance documentation and/or approvals are needed. Likewise, natural

resource evaluations will be undertaken to determine permit requirements, RTE issues, time of year restrictions for bird and/or fisheries resources, etc. No work will take place until all permits and approvals have been acquired. Notes in the contract document will specify that no work could begin until written approval is received from the ESO.

2. All construction debris, excavated material, brush, rocks, and refuse incidental to such work shall be placed either on shore above the influence of flood waters or on some suitable dumping ground.
3. That effort shall be made to keep construction debris from entering adjacent waterways or wetlands. Any debris that enters those areas shall be removed immediately.
4. The disposal of trees, brush, and other debris in any stream corridor, wetland, surface water, or drainage area is prohibited.
5. DelDOT Environmental Studies Section must be notified if there are any changes to the project methods, footprint, materials, or designs, to allow the Department to coordinate with the appropriate resource agencies (COE, DNREC, and SHPO), for approval at (DOT_EnvironmentalStudies@delaware.gov).

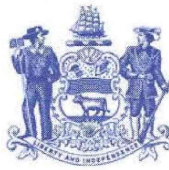
A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a long horizontal stroke with a large, loopy flourish above it.

Van Adams

Natural Resource Supervisor

Environmental Stewardship

Delaware Department of Transportation



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. Box 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

SHANTÉ A. HASTINGS
SECRETARY

RAILROAD STATEMENT

For

State Contract No.: T202606301

Federal Aid No.: NH-2026(01)

Project Title: Pavement and Rehabilitation, Sussex I, US 13 NB & SB, Delmar to Laurel, 2026

The following railroad companies maintain facilities within the contract limits:

- | | |
|--|---|
| ☐ Amtrak | ☐ Maryland & Delaware |
| ☐ CSX | ☐ Norfolk Southern |
| ☐ State of Delaware
Delmarva Central | ☐ Wilmington & Western |
| ☐ East Penn | ☐ Delmarva Central |
| | ☒ None |

DOT Inventory No.: N/A No. Trains/Day: N/A Passenger Trains (Y / N): N/A

In accordance with 23 CFR 635, herein is the railroad statement of coordination (check one):

- ☒ No Railroad involvement.
- ☐ Railroad Agreement unnecessary but railroad flagging required. The contractor shall follow requirements stated in the DelDOT Maintenance of Railroad Traffic Item in the Special Provisions. Contractor shall coordinate railroad flagging with the DelDOT Railroad Coordinator at (302) 659-4087.
- ☐ Railroad Agreement required. The Contractor cannot begin work until the Agreement is complete and fully executed. Railroad related work to be undertaken and completed as required for proper coordination with physical construction schedules. The Contractor shall follow requirements stated in the DelDOT Maintenance of Railroad Traffic Item in the Special Provisions. Contractor shall coordinate railroad flagging with the DelDOT Railroad Coordinator at (302) 659-4087.

Approved As To Form:


DelDOT Railroad Coordinator

2/16/2026

DATE



Delaware Department of Transportation
Quantity Sheet Summary

Proposal ID: T202606301

Project Description: PAVEMENT & REHABILITATION, SUSSEX I, (US 13 NB & SB, DELMAR TO LAUREL), 2026

NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantity
201000	CLEARING AND GRUBBING	LS	1
202000	EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT	CY	317
209006	BORROW, TYPE F	CY	16
211002	REMOVAL OF GUARDRAIL AND FENCE	LF	1166
301003	GABC	TON	170
401014	SUPERPAVE TYPE B, PG 64-22	TON	94
401029	SUPERPAVE TYPE C, 9.5 mm, PG 64-22, PATCHING	TON	37
401030	SUPERPAVE TYPE B, PG 64-22, PATCHING	TON	271
401047	SUPERPAVE TYPE C, 12.5 mm, PG 76-22 (NON-CARBONATE STONE)	TON	43310
401586	VOID REDUCING ASPHALT MEMBRANE	LF	115000
401690	ENTRANCE, DRIVEWAY, AND INTERSECTING STREET PAVING AND MILLING SURCHARGE	TON	1000
403000	BITUMINOUS CONCRETE AND/OR COLD-LAID BITUMINOUS (TRM) CONCRETE	TON	60
404001	BITUMINOUS CRACK AND JOINT SEALING LESS THAN 3/4-INCH WIDE	LF	5000
503001	PATCHING PCC PAVEMENT, 6' TO 15', TYPE A	SY	9880
503002	PATCHING PCC PAVEMENT, 15' TO 100', TYPE B	SY	950
503006	DOWEL BARS	EACH	17008



**Delaware Department of Transportation
Quantity Sheet Summary**

Proposal ID: T202606301

Project Descripton: PAVEMENT & REHABILITATION, SUSSEX I, (US 13 NB & SB, DELMAR TO LAUREL), 2026

NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantity
503503	PATCHING CONCRETE	SYIN	21660
504001	CRACK AND JOINT SEALING LESS THAN 3/4 INCH WIDE	LF	3000
602100	DRAINAGE INLET GRATE(S)	EACH	25
602101	DRAINAGE INLET FRAME(S)	EACH	25
602130	ADJUSTING AND REPAIRING EXISTING DRAINAGE INLET	EACH	13
602131	ADJUSTING AND REPAIRING EXISTING DOUBLE DRAINAGE INLET	EACH	6
701021	I.PCC CURB AND GUTTER, TYPE 3-4	LF	13
705001	PCC SIDEWALK, 4"	SF	25
705008	PEDESTRIAN CONNECTION, TYPE 1	SF	26
705010	PEDESTRIAN CONNECTION, TYPE 5	SF	358
705013	TRUNCATED DOME DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE	SF	97
720021	GALVANIZED STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, TYPE 1-31	LF	168
720028	CURVED GUARDRAIL SECTION	LF	61
720037	GALVANIZED STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, TYPE 1-31, STEEP SLOPE	LF	965
721001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT, TYPE 1-31, TEST LEVEL 3	EACH	2
721006	END ANCHORAGE 31	EACH	3
760002	BIKE-FRIENDLY RUMBLE STRIPS, BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT	LF	44442

This page is for information only. Do not use this page to submit a Bid.



**Delaware Department of Transportation
Quantity Sheet Summary**

Proposal ID: T202606301

Project Description: PAVEMENT & REHABILITATION, SUSSEX I, (US 13 NB & SB, DELMAR TO LAUREL), 2026

NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantity
760006	RUMBLE STRIPS, BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT	LF	42985
760010	PAVEMENT MILLING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT	SYIN	745000
760503	PAVEMENT MILLING, PATCHING	SYIN	4500
762000	SAW CUTTING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE	LF	600
762001	SAW CUTTING, CONCRETE, FULL DEPTH	LF	40100
763000	INITIAL EXPENSE/DE-MOBILIZATION	LS	1
763518	CONNECTED MACHINERY	LS	1
763621	CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING, REHABILITATION	HOURL	40
801500	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC, REHABILITATION	LS	1
804001	PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN PORTABLE LIGHT ASSEMBLY (FLOOD LIGHTS)	EADY	856
806500	TRAFFIC OFFICERS	HOURL	1926
811003	FLAGGER, SUSSEX COUNTY	HOURL	6848
811015	FLAGGER, SUSSEX COUNTY, OVERTIME	HOURL	856
818001	SUPPLY OF ROADSIDE FLAT SHEET ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL, TYPE IV, RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING	SF	547
818003	SUPPLY OF ROADSIDE FLAT SHEET ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL, TYPE XI, RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING	SF	1372
819001	PROVIDE GALVANIZED TELESCOPING SIGN POST	EACH	180

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**Delaware Department of Transportation
Quantity Sheet Summary**

Proposal ID: T202606301

Project Description: PAVEMENT & REHABILITATION, SUSSEX I, (US 13 NB & SB, DELMAR TO LAUREL), 2026

NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantity
819002	INSTALL OR REMOVE GALVANIZED TELESCOPING SIGN POST	EACH	298
819003	INSTALL OR REMOVE TRAFFIC SIGNS	EACH	508
819010	INSTALLATION OF 4" DIAMETER HOLE, LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 6" DEPTH	EACH	7
830010	REMOVAL OF EXISTING JUNCTION WELL	EACH	3
832035	REMOVAL OF CABLE FROM CONDUIT OR TRAFFIC/LIGHTING POLE	LF	324
834501	PARTIAL REMOVAL OF CONCRETE POLE BASES AND CABINET FOUNDATIONS	CY	2
836006	REMOVE PEDESTAL POLE	EACH	1
846001	PROVIDE AND INSTALL LOOP WIRE 1-CONDUCTOR #14 AWG ENCASED IN 1/4" FLEXIBLE TUBING IN A LOOP SAWCUT	LF	2010
846002	PROVIDE AND INSTALL A 1-1/2 INCH GALVANIZED RIGID METAL CONDUIT DETECTOR SLEEVE WITH LOOP WIRE	LF	312
847002	INSTALL OR REMOVAL OF BASE OR PAD MOUNTED CABINET	EACH	1
860004	TEMPORARY MARKINGS, LATEX, 4"	LF	537462
860005	TEMPORARY MARKINGS, LATEX, 10"	LF	3800
860007	TEMPORARY PAVEMENT STRIPING, LATEX, SYMBOL/LEGEND	SF	11318
861001	PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, 6"	LF	266957
861002	PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, 12"	LF	1774
862004	PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, ALKYD-THERMOPLASTIC, 12"	LF	1900

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**Delaware Department of Transportation
Quantity Sheet Summary**

Proposal ID: T202606301

Project Description: PAVEMENT & REHABILITATION, SUSSEX I, (US 13 NB & SB, DELMAR TO LAUREL), 2026

NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantity
862006	PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, ALKYD-THERMOPLASTIC, SYMBOL/LEGEND	SF	5659
863002	PREFORMED RETROREFLECTIVE MARKINGS, ALKYD-THERMOPLASTIC, BIKE SYMBOL	EACH	73
867001	SNOWPLOWABLE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER	EACH	906
905004	INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL, DRAINAGE INLET	EACH	28
908001	TOPSOIL	TON	3335
908014	PERMANENT GRASS SEEDING, DRY GROUND	SY	18850
908026	EROSION CONTROL MULCH	SY	18850